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WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

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LOCAL NEWS

TEETH, $7—Hoskins & Moore, dentists

THOSE fancy vests and negligee shirts on sale at Cotap Charley's store are beauties Buy there

THOSE Haines, Everett and Sieding pianos on sale only at the C B Prescott music store will please you There are none better on the market

MR AND MRS GEORGE BETZER entertained the members of the Camp Betzer camping party yesterday afternoon and evening at their home east of the city

IN one township alone in North Carolina there are seven men who have passed the age of 105 years, and local papers say the state has probably more old people within its borders than any other in the union

NEW DECATUR has a postoffice of the first class This means an increase of the allowance to the extent of $1,000, which will be used for increased help and a little more salary for the office force The carriers do not get any portion of the Divvy

THE watch factory at Springfield has closed down for a month and the employes will spend their vacation at different places and in various ways Sarah Muldoon, Orinta Herring and Mollie Flynn will spend part of the time in Decatur

A SOFT, fair skin is the result of pure blood and a healthy liver to secure which, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the Superior Medicine Ladies who rely upon cosmetics to beautify their complexions should make a note of this bearing in mind that they can't improve upon nature

THE bill of the Chicago Auditorium for entertaining the Duke of Veregua one week was $2,700 This figures up something over $385 per day For polished and cold blooded brigandage those Chicago fellows can give an Italian bandit three fourths of the points and then beat him

Harry M Moore's Return

Harry M Moore arrived in the city last evening from Three Rivers, Canada, where during the past four months he has been on duty as United States consul He was appointed by President Harrison just before his retirement from office and as soon as possible Grover named a naturalized French Canadian to succeed Harry. The change has been made and Harry left Three Rivers last Saturday for home Harry will probably remain in Decatur He is looking well While in Canada he made many friends He brought home a thoroughbred English water spaniel which dog fanciers will admire

The School Population

Prof J. H Coonradt has completed the school census for Decatur district for 1893, with the following result

Between 6 and 21 years, males	2962
Between 6 and 21 years, females	2888
Total ..	5850

Children under 6 years, males 1388, females 1413 between 16 and 21 years, males, 672 females, 682

Prof Coonradt's plan of estimating the population of Decatur on the school enumeration is to multiply the total, 5850 by 3½, which gives 20,475

An Escaped Lunatic

Sheriff Perl received a telegram to day from H S. Benson superintendent for the asylum for insane criminals, dated Menard Ill, July 5th, asking him to keep a sharp lookout for Girard Chouteau who had escaped from the asylum Chouteau is described as weighing 160 pounds is 5 feet 8 inches high, and has black hair and eyes His widowed mother resides at Blue Mound in this county

One Eye Gone

The 6 year-old son of Louis Kuhner, living at 1142 North Railroad avenue, met with an accident yesterday afternoon that will cost him the sight of one eye He had a lighted fire cracker in his hand and was holding it close to his face when it exploded The sight of one eye was entirely lost and the other was badly burned

Hand Blown Off.

While shooting firecrackers last night at Fairbury, Mr John V McDowell, the assistant cashier of the First National bank at Fairbury, had his right hand blown off by the premature explosion of a large dynamite bomb, while he was holding it in his hand.

A Brakeman Killed

Sunday morning a brakeman on the Santa Fe railway who was riding on top of a furniture car, was killed at a bridge near Larose, Peoria county. The car was higher than an ordinary car and the brakeman was struck by the bridge.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Demise of Mrs. Margaret Rupe Who Passed Away Aged 94.

Sudden Summons of T J Hutchinson Saturday Afternoon—The Remains Sent to Lebanon Ohio

From Monday's Daily

MRS MARGARET RUPE BRANDOM, relict of John Brandom died Sunday evening at 7 45 o clock at the remarkable age of 93 years and 1 months at the home of her son Dr M Brandom No 1263 North Water street of old age and general debility She was wonderfully active until within several weeks of her death, when she began to fail although she retained all of her faculties until the moment she was summoned into the unseen beyond The deceased was born September 17th, 1799, in Giles County, Virginia After her marriage to John Brandom in 1815 in Va, the family moved to the State of Indiana, while it was yet a territory and a portion of the New Purchase, making the trip in flat boats and settling at Rising Sun, a few miles from Lawrenceburg, Indiana, which was then one of the most important trading points in the west Her husband died in 1833 leaving Mrs Brandom and ten children to mourn his demise Five children survive They are Dr M Brandom, of this city, Dr P A Brandom, of Beardstown, Dr H Brandom of Springfield, L W Brandom, of Whitestown, Ind, and Mrs Rebecca Hawkins, of Hammond, Ind. The deceased had a most remarkable memory, and took great delight in narrating events that had transpired in her early history Her husband was a hunter and trader, and her life on the frontier gave her great courage, and on two different occasions she battled with deer when the dogs had driven the beasts into a corrall, where she succeeded in killing them once with an ax, and on another occasion with a hickory club Her vitality was wonderful, and up to within several weeks ago she was able to go about the house and across the street with as much ease as one much younger Her eyesight and hearing were almost perfect

DEATH OF T J HUTCHINSON

I J Hutchinson, of Lebanon, O, who had been visiting here about a month died suddenly Saturday afternoon about 3 o clock at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. E P Bishop, 707 West William street. Deceased had been suffering for some time with something like Bright's disease or dropsy A little over a month ago he came to Chicago and visited his daughter, Mrs Dr Harsha, and then came to this city. The deceased was 61 years of age and was quite a prominent business man of Lebanon, O He was a carriage manufacturer He leaves three sons and three daughters. One son and one daughter live in Ohio, two sons and one daughter in Chicago. It was the request of the deceased that his remains be sent to Lebanon, O, for burial. The funeral party departed Sunday night for Lebanon in charge of the remains

Will Not Move the Shops

For some time past a rumor has been circulated to the effect that in the near future the Wabash railroad would close its shops at Springfield and concentrate them at Decatur It was given out that the change was absolutely necessary owing to the increase of business on the main lines running through Decatur and the lack of shop room at Springfield While the Wabash officials do not deny that the Springfield people do not appreciate the location of the shops, which give employment to 500 men, they deny that such a change will be made at the present On the other hand improvements to the amount of $2 000 have been ordered at Springfield on the shops now located there

Harry Bumstead Appointed

Harry A. Bumstead, son of Dr. S J Bumstead, has received the appointment of assistant in physics to Prof Charles Hastings, of Yale College He will enter upon the duties of this position early in the fall, taking charge of the physical laboratory and lecturing to the students in addition He has held a similar position at Johns-Hopkins University for two years past, but was not one of the faculty. At Yale he will be recognized as a member of the faculty of that famous college and will stand in the line of promotion to higher honors

A New Ruling

Unless you write or have printed upon your envelopes the number of days you wish them held, the postmaster will hereafter, by a new ruling, hold them thirty days instead of ten. As soon as the contract for envelope printing runs out, you can only have envelopes printed at your home office, as the government will stop printing addresses thereon.

DIED.

In Decatur, on July 4 Alonzo Faunce, son of Mr and Mrs Charles Faunce, aged 1 day.

HANGED IN EFFIGY

A Figure Bearing Governor Altgeld's Name Displayed at Pawnee

There was no little excitement among the citizens of Pawnee when the darkness of night disappeared Saturday morning and the sun shone squarely in the face of an effigy of a man labelled John P Altgeld, governor of the state of Illinois which was seen hanging about twelve feet from the ground and swung to a telephone pole on the northeast corner of the square The figure had evidently been hung there during the night and its discovery created a stir Across the back of the figure was fastened a large placard bearing the inscription "Warning to John P Altgeld and all other Anarchists Steer clear of Pawnee Apparently the citizens of the community sympathize with the sentiments indicated by this affair, even when they deprecate this manner of giving expression to them with the exception of a few who would never admit that a Democrat would do anything wrong, and especially a Democratic governor"

GENERAL PAVEY'S PLEA

Contends That Proceedings Are Without Authority or Warrant

In the Circuit court for Sangamon county Saturday the attorneys for Gen. Charles W Pavey filed a plea that the suit against him and his bondsmen had been brought without any authority or direction of the governor, and they say, therefore that the plaintiff ought not to maintain its action As to charges that Pavey misappropriated any of the fees of the auditor's office they plead the statute which authorized the auditor to retain $5,000 per annum, and that all fees required by law to be paid into the state treasury were paid in They plead precedent for this construction of the statute In regard to the books and papers, they plead that Gen Pavey did not remove or deface any that were part of the records of the office, and that he turned over to his successor all books, records and papers belonging thereto

A REBUKE TO ALTGELD

Sons of Veterans Decide Not to Invite Him to Their Encampment

BELVIDERE, July 3 —The annual state encampment of the Sons of Veterans began here Saturday The boys have been coming in on every train and over a thousand are expected to be in camp by Monday morning The National Guard is furnishing tents and the camp will be pitched on the fair grounds It was originally intended to invite Governor Altgeld to be present, but since his pardon of the Anarchists the feeling is so strong against him that the committee changed the program and invited Senator Cullom to make the Fourth of July address, and there is much disappointment because he is under engagement to speak elsewhere The week will be taken up with prize drills, social affairs and the usual camp duties

Rev N M. Baker.

Elsewhere in this paper may be found an open letter by Rev N. M Baker, of Long Creek township addressed to those who were engaged in the lynching of the colored man Bush The letter is ably written and worthy the perusal and careful study of every citizen of Macon county. It is manly and unequivocal and while it does not aim to abuse any one for any overt act it contains argument against lynching that no logic can refute. Rev Baker is a gentleman well along in years and is well and favorably known to almost everybody in the county, having been an active minister of the Cumberland Presbyterian church for many years He is retired now and lives on a farm and only preaches occasionally. He was born and raised in Macon county, and has always been interested in its people He served in the war as chaplain of the 116th Illinois Infantry

Death of S E Batchelder

S. E Batchelder, a well-to-do farmer of Illini township, died Monday morning of cancer of the stomach at his home four miles northwest of Harristown, aged about 60 years. Mr Batchelder was an old citizen of the place He was a native of Pittsfield, New Hampshire, and came to Illinois in 1862 He was a farmer of considerable means, owning 480 acres of land at the time of his death His wife died several months ago His children are Mrs Wm Eaton, of Texarkana, Abbie and John C Batchelder and Mrs James Brown, all of Illini township The funeral was held Wednesday, July 5th

Death of an Infant.

From Wednesday's Daily

Edna, the infant daughter of Mr and Mrs C W. Hartley, died this morning at 4 20 o'clock, at the family residence, No. 129 West King street, aged 3 months and 2 days. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon from from the residence, Rev Rohrer officiating.

THE FOURTH.

It Was a Quiet Day in Decatur—10,000 People at Riverside Park.

Celebrations in the Country—Band Music, Speeches, Dinners and Fireworks

July 4th in Decatur was not what it ought to have been in the way of a patriotic celebration, simply because there was no organization to plan a general blow out and to keep the people at home All of the bands were permitted to go elsewhere where there was more enterprise and more money

AT RIVERSIDE PARK

Those who weaned of staying at home and desired to see what was going on visited Riverside Park during the day and evening Probably 10,000 people were at the park during the day to hear the venders of ice cream, popcorn and peanuts, to witness the "Mascott" and "Olivette" comic operas by the Alcazar company, to visit the Natatorium which was open all day and liberally patronized, to sit on the grass and partake of picnic dinners, to see the aquatic sports and to witness the fireworks There was double electric power on the Riverside branch of the street railway, and all of the cars that could be spared were put into service to give the people quick transit It was a go as you-please day for all visitors, and all appeared to be enjoying themselves

THE SPORTS

The river sports came off in the afternoon, and all afforded great fun The winners

Tub race, seven entries, $2 prize taken by Eddie Odor

Swimming match, four entries, $2 first prize taken by Thayer, $1 prize taken by Parker and Odor who tied for second place

Diving contest, four entries, $2 prize taken by Odor

Single scull race, three entries, $3 prize taken by McDonald, $2 prize by Friend

Walking greased pole, free for all, $2 prize taken by Odor

FIREWORKS

There was a brilliant display of fire works on the river at night lasting for over an hour The principal pieces were water devils, water snakes, marine illuminations, lasting ten minutes each, volcano, Neptune fountain, Roman candles, sky rockets, etc.

IN THE COUNTRY

There was an all-day celebration at Macon with a large crowd in attendance, the exercises being held at the fair grounds The principal oration was by Rev W. H. Penhallegon, of Decatur. The pastors of the Presbyterian and Methodist churches also addressed the people There was a fox chase, a fine picnic dinner and fireworks at night.

The people of Friends Creek township had a big celebration at Argenta, and there was good music all day by the Monitor Band of Decatur There was a very creditable street parade in the morning The Goddess of Liberty and all of the states were represented The addresses were by Judge Nelson and W. F Calhoun of Decatur. Musical selections by the band, the Shiloh and Argenta glee clubs, and various games, including novelty races, climbing greased pole, catching greased pig, etc. At night there was a brilliant display of fireworks

At the Dalton City celebration the chief orator was Attorney W. H. Black of Decatur, who addressed a large crowd

The Lane Light Guard Band gave good music at the celebration at Maroa. The exercises were held at the school house yard. A male quartette composed of F H Jones, William Schenck, J E. Reed and C H Stoutenborough sang "The Flag Without a Stain" S. A. Friedman read the Declaration of Independence and Attorney B F Shipley made an address It was a good address "Red, White and Blue" was sung by Misses Daisy Covault, Ola Covault, Lillie Compton and Alice Wilson Rev J H Waterbury delivered an able Fourth of July oration The "Song of Our Nation" by Mrs. Minnie Stoutenborough, Virginia Dinwiddie, F H. Jones and Charles Stoutenborough was well rendered John Tozer won the potato race, and John Jump and John Tozer won the foot races. There was a ball at night in the opera house.

There was no arrangement at Emery for a general celebration but in the afternoon the people in the vicinity gathered in the beautiful grove east of town where a band stand had been erected, and the afternoon was spent in listening to the music, drinking lemonade and other cooling drinks, playing croquet and in other sports, not omitting the fire cracker.

Fire at Warrensburg.

From Wednesday's Daily

The home of Rev. John Ritchie at Warrensburg was destroyed by fire last evening Only a part of the contents were saved

WOODMEN AT CLINTON

Monster Celebration of the Glorious Fourth—Decatur Prize Winners

The cannon boomed, the firecrackers cracked and the eagle screamed until he was hoarse July 4th at Clinton The festivities began with the sunrise salute and ended with a grand ball at Rinnick's hall at night The people were there by the hundreds and thousands from neighboring cities and towns, and fully 4,000 strangers were in DeWitt county's capital

The column was formed and, when the clock in the tower of the Presbyterian church struck ten it began moving, headed by Chief Marshal Dr John A Edmiston and aids and was made up of the speakers in carriages, Gorman's band, Goodman's band of Decatur, Frank Lowry Post G. A R, and visiting Modern Woodmen of America from Decatur, Forsythe, Lincoln, Weldon, Farmer City Kenney, Springfield and Bloomington

The procession marched through the principal streets of the city and ended at School park, where Goodman's band rendered one of its best selections and Rev W A Hunter offered prayer A male quintette then sang "America," when Mayor H L Magill arose and welcomed the visitors in a very pleasant little speech, and was received with cheers Dr A. L Collins, of Decatur, responded, and the quintette sang another number Judge James A. Creighton and Hon E S. Smith, both of Springfield, then made addresses on "Woodcraft" The band then played another piece, and the audience adjourned to dinner

At 1 30 p m the crowd reassembled and Miss Hattie Freudenstein read the Declaration of Independence in a very pleasant manner The orator of the day, Dr P L McKinnie, of Chicago, then delivered his oration, which was received with cheers The amusements were then in order The four mile bicycle race for amateurs of the Fourteenth congressional district was the first and was won by Frank Dodd, of Decatur, in 10 minutes and 32 seconds. The boys' bicycle races of two miles, for boys under 14 years, was won by Ingham, of Clinton, in 6 minutes and 35 seconds The foot race, 194 yards, was won by Porter, of Clinton, in 10½ seconds

The prize for the most graceful girl bicycle rider under 14 years old was awarded to Miss Latimer. There were also ball playing and other amusements, which served to hold the crowd until 7 30 when the bands gave a concert, and $1,000 worth of fireworks were then shot off and were very beautiful At the close of the fireworks the crowd wended its way to Renick's opera house, where dancing was indulged in until the wee sma' hours

A striking feature of the parade and throughout the day in fact, was the Easterly Camp goat, hitched to a sulky driven by Harry Zetterlind, a lad of 10 years Harry wore a red sash, and over the goat was a banner inscribed 'One of The" His goatship was given a place of honor on the speaker's stand, and he conducted himself with dignity and decorum

Thomas J. Osborne, of Decatur, member of Easterly Camp, was elected president of the picnic association for the coming year, and Neighbor Nicholls, of Clinton, secretary

The prizes in the bicycle races were $15 and $10 The first went to Dodd, and the second to Henry Marcott

Wilkes Russell Killed by Lightning

A fearful rainstorm, accompanied by lightning, prevailed at Freeport Friday night. The large stock barn of M. E McHenry, at Taylor's driving park, was struck by lightning and set on fire, but was extinguished without much damage The bolt passed from the cupola into the stalls, where it killed Wilkes Russell, the famous pacer, who has gone a trial mile in 2 09 and has a record of 2 15 The animal was owned by J V Donavan, of St Joseph, and was entered in the leading races all over the country He was eighht years old and was valued at $30 000

Last Testament

The will and last testament of Elizabeth Howeman was admitted to probate to day. The estate consisted of 80 acres of land and $4 200 in promissory notes She bequeathed equal shares to her children The children are Jehile G Howeman, Mary E Hay, Hattie A Camp and Ella F McGuire

A DECATUR MAN ARRESTED

World's Fair Guards Take S W Johns Into Custody Without Cause or Warrant—A Suit for Damages Probable.

Recently, upon the order of one, Alvord, chief engineer of the Hygeia Water company, who is without authority to order an arrest, S W Johns, of the state board of agriculture, was arrested by the guards on the World's Fair ground and carried to the police station in a patrol wagon The event came about in this way The Hygeia Water company, for the purpose of laying pipes to a point where they desired to locate a nickel in the slot machine to dispose of their water commenced excavating upon the grounds belonging to the Illinois building Secretary Garrard observing it, drove the workmen away and ordered the trench that had been dug filled and resodded The foreman of the Hygeia gang presented Garrard an order from Mr Burnham authorizing the company to cross the grounds Mr Garrard refused to recognize the order and subsequently Burnham denied having issued such an order Mr Garrard left the city the following day, and as soon as the Hygeia people discovered he was gone they proceeded to reopen the trench Mr Johns was the only member of the board that happened to be on the Illinois premises and he ordered the workmen to quit and leave the premises, and notified the foreman that no order save one from the Illinois board itself would be recognized The foreman then ordered some Columbian guards to place Mr Johns under arrest, which they did, carrying him to the station in spite of his protests When he reached the station and explained to the officers there who he was he was promptly released The affair has caused a good deal of excitement among official circles at the fair, as recently these unwarranted arrests have occurred too frequently. The Illinois board of World's Fair commissioners have passed resolutions in relation to the unwarranted arrest of one of their number on their own grounds by order of trespassers, in which they set forth the enormity of the offense in vigorous language. Mr Johns, it is understood, will bring suit for damages against the Exposition authorities

PURCHASED BY G A KELLER

An Important Sale Made Saturday – The Price Paid $25,000

G A Keller on Saturday purchased of D W Brenneman his half interest in the retail house of D W Brenneman & Bro,, on North Water street, the consideration being $25,000 The purchase includes a half interest in the building and a half interest in the saloon but in no way affects the wholesale business of Brenneman & Co The retail now belongs to G. A Keller, Eli Brenneman and W P Shafle Mr. Keller has been connected with this branch of the business for several years past and for the present will probably remain with the wholesale house. Mr Brenneman says he has reached an age when he does not desire to be tied down to business if he can help it He will remain in Decatur but will not be actively in business in the future

Liabilities of $1,000,000.

The Madison Car company at Edwardsville, Ill, made an assignment Saturday. The liabilities are $1 22,000 and the assets $918 000 Paul A Fusz is named as assignee The company recently erected a large plant for the manufacture of railway cars at Madison, Ill, opposite St. Louis, and has endeavored to build up a city similar to Pullman The company has been in straitened circumstances for some time and the stringency of the money market has precipitated the failure. About six hundred men were employed at the works

PERSONAL MENTION

Deputy Sam Holmes and family spent the Fourth with relatives in Monticello.

Mr and Mrs Will Nicholson, Miss Ida Reeme and Mr and Mrs Will Wallace were among those who spent the Fourth in Monticello

L L Crosthwaite and family, of Salina, Kan, are here to spend the summer During the past year Mr Crosthwaite has had charge of the instruction in elocution and oratory in the normal school at Salina He will not return to Kansas, having secured a position as teacher of elocution and oratory in the college at East Greenwich, Rhode Island

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WALL PAPER.

From magnificent designs of foreign artists to the common place styles—in coloring from the blending of the soft shades of mountain mists, elephant's breath and the like, to the glow of a blooming field of Nebraska sunflowers or the Auroa Borealis

CARPETS

arpets of as many grades as there are kinds, and as many prices as there are r... from the ... talk ... Moquet, Axminster and Wilton, to the less elegant ... grain or the ... Hemps

CURTAINS---Chenille and Lace.

W... appreciate them, ... hear the price ... you ... buy them

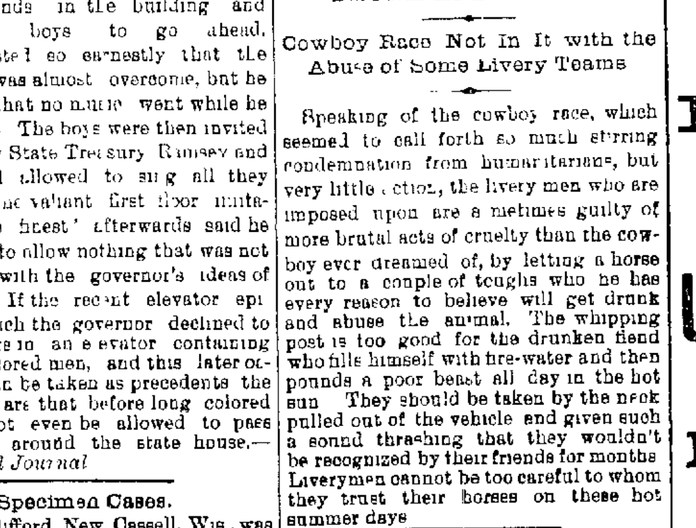
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Special Baby Buggy Sale.

DO YOU NEED A BUGGY?



We are selling them so cheap that you will want to buy whether you need one or not Having bought a large stock at a Clearance Sale, we are selling Buggies for Less Money than Other Dealers Buy them.

WE WILL SELL THEM ON EASY PAYMENTS. Come and make your selections while the assortment is complete.

75 Buggies to select from. These goods are all fresh and new, and of the Latest Designs.

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ELDER BRADSHAW A METHODIST.

He is Now a Full Member of the Church at Tuscola

In the mail to-day the REPUBLICAN received the following important communication from Tuscola, referring to Rev A. Bradshaw, who was married about a year ago in Decatur

TUSCOLA, ILL., June 25th, 1893.

To-day, Rev Scrimger, P E. held the 4th Quarterly Conference for the Tuscola Station of the M E Church, Danville District.

The Rev. A Bradshaw's name being called, he having joined the M. E. Church last October by letter, from the Free Methodist Church The letter stated he was a local elder of said church in good standing. Bro. Bradshaw was received by the pastor, subsequent to this action. The Tuscola Quarterly Conference recognized Bro. Bradshaw's ordination as a local elder, etc The Quarterly Conference after hearing Bro. Bradshaw's statements with reference to to his wife, was so perfectly satisfied that he was not to blame for his wife refusing to live with him, that they passed his character and renewed his license to preach, and that he stands well in this community. J. W. KING,

Clerk Protem, Quarterly Conference.

Some time ago it was stated that Rev. Bradshaw's wife had gone to Canada on a visit It appears that she never came back

DECATUR TOOK TWO PURSES

Winning Horses at the Peoria Races—$800 00

From Friday's Daily

There were two Decatur winners at the Peoria races yesterday, Powers Bros. *Hathaway*, the trotter, and Dr. Joseph Leslie's pacer, *Merit*. The summary was as follows

FREE FOR ALL TROT—$400.

Hathaway, b m., C. S Wheeler, Roodhouse	2	1	1	1
Van Buren Wilkes, blk, s, T E McFarland Peoria.	1	2	2	2
Belle Wilson, g m, M Wade, Edinburg Ind	4	3	3	3
Louisville, br s, C R Heaten, Princeton	3	4	4	4

Time—2 24¼, 2 23¼, 2 23¼, 2 24¼

2 35 PACE—$400

Merit, blk m, Dr J Leslie, Elwin	1	1	1
Colletta b m, W B Williams, Green view	3	2	2
Famous br s, St C Bullman Lacon	2	3	3
Toxie R b s, Wheldon & Fuller, Emporian, Kan.	5	4	dis
Tipsey Wilkes, b m, L McKean, Princeton	..	6	dr

Time—2 30, 2 31½, 2 27¼

The heats in each contest were closely contested, but the Decatur nags were too swift and too well driven for the rivals Both horses will be seen at the Decatur races

A NEW DECISION.

Women Who Ministered to Wounded Soldiers Are Entitled to Pensions

Assistant-Secretary Reynolds of the interior department has made a pension decision which will be welcome news to a large number of women who ministered to wounded soldiers in hospitals during the late war They are to be placed upon the pension rolls The question arose upon a communication from the commissioner of pensions as to whether those women who superintended the diet of the sick and wounded soldiers were entitled to pensions under the provisions of the act commonly known as the 'nurses' act' The beneficiaries of this decision are mainly women who were ... by the United States Christian commission to ... for the purpose of ... the sur...

Colored Men Not Wanted

A party of colored ... went to the ... the other day and began singing a very fine song in the rotunda on the first floor Thereupon the very pompous policeman on duty there immediately stepped up and in choice Teutonic language informed the singers that no music went on that floor and especially from "goons." A number of clerks and others protested, saying it had always been the rule to allow music of all kinds in the building and told the boys to go ahead. They protested so earnestly that the policeman was almost overcome, but he stuck to it that no music went while he was on duty The boys were then invited up stairs by State Treasury Ramsey and others and allowed to sing all they pleased. The valiant first floor imitation of 'the finest' afterwards said he had orders to allow nothing that was not in keeping with the governor's ideas of propriety If the recent elevator episode, in which the governor declined to ride upstairs in an elevator containing several colored men, and this later occurrence can be taken as precedents the indications are that before long colored men will not even be allowed to pass through or around the state house.—*Springfield Journal*

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassell, Wis, was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of electric Bitters cured him

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill, had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawber, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold at King & Wood's drug store. em

EXCITEMENT AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

A Man In Danger of Lynching For Brutally Throwing a Mexican Burro Over a Cliff.

There is a Cliff Dwellers exhibit at the World's Fair. This exhibit embraces a mimic mountain with bridle paths and the caves of the Cliff Dwellers. In some places these cliffs are fifty or sixty feet high over and around which the bridle paths run and which are traversed by Mexican burros. These little creatures are a great curiosity to thousands who daily view with keen interest this part of the exhibit. Yesterday a man who was visiting the fair came out upon one of the bridle paths in front of three of these docile little burros and threw two of them over the precipice, which at that point was fifty feet high The fall killed one of the animals and stunned the other. The Chicago *Tribune* describes the scene as follows

As the man stepped out onto the bridlepath he saw a string of three burros approaching him Anybody else would have found room to pass between the burros and the edge of the cliff The space between was not sufficient for the man, and advancing to the first burro he seized it by the bridle and deliberately hurled it over the edge of the precipice The poor animal uttered an almost human cry of distress as it found itself thrown from the path It struck the rocks below and laid there writhing in agony The removal of one obstacle from his path was not enough for the human brute He seized the second burro in the same way and pushed it also over the edge of the cliff. This burro fortunately struck in a softer spot. As if crazed by his anger the man rushed to seize the third animal, when he was himself seized by K N. Pierce, an attendant of the animals. With almost superhuman strength the man threw Pierce to the ground, and rushing along the path disappeared over the further side of the mountain.

There was a large crowd in the exhibit at the time It saw the trouble on the path and the fall of the first burro. Before any member of the crowd had time to act the second animal had also been thrown down This drove the crowd crazy and by every path known to it it tried to reach the man When they saw him grapple with Pierce and saw his escape over the other end of the mountain twenty men rushed around to that side with the idea of heading him off. The man looked over the edge. The descent was easy, but below him was a crowd of 150 people shaking their fists at him and fairly shrieking with anger To descend there meant bodily danger The man hesitated, turned, and then dived through a small door into the interior of the exhibit.

Where he went is not known A most thorough search of the entire exhibit was made, but the man could not be found.

SPYING THE SEAT

Judge Wright of Urbana Wants to Go to Congress

The Champaign county *Herald* published at Urbana, has launched a congressional boom upon its readers for Judge Francis M Wright, of Urbana As the Thirteenth congressional district is composed of McLean, DeWitt, Ford, Douglas, and Champaign counties this is of interest to McLean county people The following are a few of the remarks of the *Herald* on that gentleman's candidacy, in which are set forth his claims upon the office

We ... the ... of Judge ... M Wright, ... the chair in congress ... district it will be heartily ... In the first place he ... prime of life, ... education, ... and experience, ... For twenty ... years he ... an active worker in the Republican party, and ... counsel ... of great value to the party For over thirty years Champaign county has borne the heat and burden of the day, standing squarely by the ticket and at each election rolling up a rousing Republican majority, and during all these years she has never had a representative in congress from the Republican party, and now, as the time approaches when the party will be casting about for a man to lead us to victory, let it be remembered that there is no man in this district better qualified from every standpoint than Judge Francis M Wright of Urbana

DRUNK AND BRUTAL

Cowboy Race Not In It with the Abuse of Some Livery Teams

Speaking of the cowboy race, which seemed to call forth so much stirring condemnation from humanitarians, but very little action, the livery men who are imposed upon are sometimes guilty of more brutal acts of cruelty than the cowboy ever dreamed of, by letting a horse out to a couple of toughs who he has every reason to believe will get drunk and abuse the animal. The whipping post is too good for the drunken fiend who fills himself with fire-water and then pounds a poor beast all day in the hot sun They should be taken by the neck pulled out of the vehicle and given such a sound thrashing that they wouldn't be recognized by their friends for months Liverymen cannot be too careful to whom they trust their horses on these hot summer days

PROF. H H BOYESEN, in an address to the graduating class of Smith College, said that the colleges were "raising the very dickens" with young people by hiring mere grammarians to teach literature? He maintains that literature is an art, not a science, and that in order to teach anything about it a man should be able to write a stickful of readable stuff himself instead of merely dissecting what other people have written

One word describes it—"perfection" We refer to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, cures obstinate sores, burns, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles. W. F. Neisler

Getting Spliced

It was pouring hard and a certain minister not long since filling a Lewiston pulpit settled himself for an afternoon of sermonizing Suddenly there came a sharp ring at the bell On opening the door a gentleman and a lady, both in ordinary apparel and much worse for the storm, stepped into the hall.

"Say parson, we want to be spliced, don't we, Mary?"

Mary nodded coolly, as if the splicing process were a matter of supreme indifference to her

"You see, parson," continued the prospective bridegroom, "we didn't have work in the mill to-day and we wanted to get in the time, and so I told Mary we might as well be spliced today as any time. Mary said her clothes wasn't fit, but I told her they'd do for a rainy day"

He had his license and so, choking back her query if he didn't know it was the custom for the lady to set the wedding day the parson's wife acted as witness and the two were spliced.—Lewiston Journal

A Quick Verdict

"What made the jury render a verdict so quickly?"

"Well you see, one of the jurors began to tell us about the bright sayings of his five-year-old boy" —Judge

A Mild Assignment These Days

Reporter—A dozen prisoners escaped from jail last night

City Editor—Get an interview with them and find out the cause of their discontent.—Judge.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for cuts bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggist d&w

IF YOU WANT

light, sweet, white, wholesome

BREAD



is the finest flour made.

PILLSBURY'S BEST is made from the choicest selected wheat, with the most expensive machinery, by the most perfect methods, in the largest flour mills in the world.

HORACE CLARK & SONS, Genl. Agts. PEORIA ILL.

KNOWLEDGE IS POWER

Consult an Eminent Specialist Now Before It is Too Late---A Month May Place You Beyond Reach of a Cure

A Consultation Will Cost You Nothing.



DR. A. C. FRUTH,

The Celebrated Specialist,

Who has created such a sensation in and around Chicago, by curing diseases that almost baffled the medical fraternity of the country. He will visit the

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL

DECATUR,

Thursday, July 27

Returning every month to remain one day during the year

Dr. Fruth has been connected with the largest hospital in the country, and has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities He will give $50 for any case that he can not tell the disease and where located in five minutes He will return to Decatur every month this year to remain one day.

Treats all curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat and lungs, dyspepsia, Bright's disease diabetes kidneys liver, bladder, chronic, female and sexual diseases Epilepsy or fits cured A positive guarantee.

YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED MEN

Suffering from the effects of YOUTHFUL ERRORS, producing blotches, debility, nervousness, dizziness, confusion of ideas aversion to society, defective memory, emission and impotency, which unfit the victims for business or marriage, are permanently cured by remedies not injurious

Blood and Skin Diseases

and complications, such as sore throat, falling of the hair, pain in the bones, eruptions, etc, are perfectly eradicated without using mercury or other injurious drugs. Urinary and Kidney troubles are speedily cured by treatment that has never failed He undertakes no incurable cases, but cures thousands given up to die Remember the date and come early, as his rooms are always crowded wherever he stops

CONSULTATION FREE.

Correspondence solicited, and confidential

☞ In all cases of Kidney disease bring a sample of urine for chemical and microscopical examination Address

DR A C FRUTH,
172 Oakwood Boulevard Chicago Ill

KEEP COOL!

The proper way to keep cool is to provide yourself with suitable clothing Our stock of Hot Weather ...thing and Furnishings for this season is the largest and most varied we have ever shown.

Skeleton Make Coats and Vests,

In Alpaca, Serge, Mohair, Flannel, Drap d'ete and unfinished worsted materials, Black, Blue and Tan Shades, in slim, stout, extra long and regular make.

Fancy Vests,

In Silk, Worsted and Wash Goods. double and single breasted

UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY,

in Endless Variety.

Negligee Shirts,

Laundried, Half Laundried and SOFT.

STRAW HATS

A Complete Line, in All the Latest Braids.

CHEAP CHARLEY.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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Farmers, Attention!

WE HAVE

500 PAIRS OF PLOW PANTS at $1.00 A PAIR which we warrant not to rip.

100 DOZ. WORKING SHIRTS, SPECIAL GOOD VALUE, at 50c apiece.

100 DOZ. OVERALLS, GOOD MATERIAL AND Easy Fitting, made on Pants Pattern, at 50c a pair.

100 DOZ. SWEET, ORR & CO.'S PANTALOON OVERALLS, in Blue Denim, Fancy Stripes and Plaids, at 75c a Pair.

300 PAIRS OF ALL-WOOL, STRICTLY FAST COLOR, PANTS, guaranteed to give satisfaction or we will replace with a new pair. These are Bargains, and go at $3.00 per pair.

OUR NEW STOCK

OF

Spring and Summer Clothing

IS NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.

$40,000 worth to select from. Special attention is called to our Clay Worsted, 3-Button Cutaway Frock Suit. This suit is all wool, fast color, elegantly lined and flat bound, equal to the finest Merchant Tailors' work, and makes an elegant wedding or fine dress suit. Our price is $16.50, and we challenge the world on it.

COME AND SEE US.

B. Stine Clothing Co.

LINK CUFF BUTTONS,

The Popular and Fashionable Button for Gentlemen.

Large Variety in Attractive Patterns.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO., Jewelers.

Sales of Real Estate.

B. H. Cassell to W. S. Martin, lot 4 in block 2 in B. H. Cassell's 7th addition to Decatur—$700.

Thos. Shepherd to Nancy J. Fisher, lot 8 in block 8 in Bandy's addition to Decatur—$1,600.

Jesse Fisher to Thos. Shepherd, lot 8 in block 8 in Bandy's addition to Decatur—$1,000.

Vina G. Heaghin to Levi A. Creekmur, a 50-foot lot in block 5 in Ritchie's addition to Warrensburg—$508.

R. T. Allinson to Henry Foster, tract of land in section 26, 15, N. 1, 160 acres—$16,000.

I. R. Mills to Susan and Ella Bushart, lot 6 and east half of lot 7, block 8, in Riverside Place—$275.

J. M. Crary to J. E. Hill, 17 acres in 9, 16, 1 east—$3,700.

J. E. Hill to J. M. Crary, lot 7, block 9, Western addition to Decatur—$4,000.

John V. Dellinger to James Geddis, lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 in block 7 in Carver's addition to Decatur—$3,200.

John E. B. McRoberts to Henry Shlaudeman, a lot at the northwest corner of College and Cerro Gordo streets, being 190x115 feet—$3000.

Martin P. Murphey to Andrew J. Cook, lot 4 in block 7 in village of Macon—$75.

Elmer E. Gibson et al to John Pistorius Sr., lots 4 and 5 in Woodland addition to Decatur—$1,575.

Areine F. Wilson to John H. Oren, 30 feet off of the east side of lot 14 and lot 15 and ten feet off of the west side of lot 16, all in block 6 of Starr & Mills First addition to Decatur—$1,000.

Emeline Pratt et al to Numa D. Hill, a lot 40x77 feet in the southeast corner of lot 1 in block 6 in R. J. Oglesby's addition to Decatur—$1,50

Life in Moultrie County.

Neil Woodcock and Addie Lane, of Sullivan, were to have been married last week, but a few hours before the time for which the nuptials were set, the intended wife was authentically informed that the intended groom had a legal wife in Indiana. This so enraged the intended mother-in-law that she unmercifully chastised the intended groom, and the last seen of him he was hunting a hospital. Such is life in Sullivan.

Henry J. Greer and Mary J. Meisenheimer were married at Evansville, Ind., last week. The most peculiar thing about this affair is that the parties have lived at Lovington, Ill., for thirty years as husband and wife and have a large family of children, three of whom are married. They were highly respected, but some Nemesis got on their track and the exposure resulted in their arrest for fornication and adultery. A Lovington justice acquitted them of the charge, but they were afraid the grand jury might be more severe so they went to Evansville and were happily married.

Buggies, Buggies, Buggies.

When you want a Buggy, Surrey or Phaeton come and look through our stock. We have some of the best buggies made and our prices are the lowest.

THE SPENCER & LEHMAN CO.

M. PIERRE RAMONDEUC has bequeathed 300,000 francs to the children of such miners as have been killed by accident in any mine in France or Algeria between Feb. 3, 1827, and Feb. 3, 1870.

LOCAL NEWS.

IT costs ten cents to stop a locomotive, with four cents additional for every passenger car in the train.

And now the happy youth,
His long saved earnings spends
His patronism to express
By blowing off his finger ends.

SEE the Decatur Implement Co. for all kinds of Farm Machinery and repairing. Feb 16-wtf

AN agitation is in progress in New England for a nine-hour day. British workmen have very generally established it, but in Berlin thousands work twelve to seventeen hours per day.

ALL the talk in the world will not convince you so quickly as one trial of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for scalds, burns, bruises, skin affection and piles.

WE are now promised glass brick in any desired color. The glass is indestructible, non-absorbent, can be used as partitions, or for window sills, etc. This brick is now being largely used in Europe.

THE Macon county Teachers Institute to continue five days will begin at the Decatur High school building August 21. The instructors will be J. H. Coonradt J. J. Wilkinson, Prof. Parton, and E. A. Gastman.

THE Illinois Central has issued strict orders to trainmen to take special care of hogs and cattle now being shipped over that line. The animals must be thoroughly drenched at every tank by running the cars past very slowly. This practice must be continued until the first of October.

BLUE GRASS Carriage Shop, one block east of Shellabarger's mill, Cerro Gordo street, has a fine line of Surreys, Buggies, Road and Spring Wagons. Do a general line of repairing, repainting, overhauling, &c. Come and see this line of new work and get rock bottom prices. april7-d&wtf

EDISON says he is working at a magnetic ore separator, and has solved eight of the ten obstacles. The next thing he will tackle will be the problem how to get heat out of the coal by the direct process. Ninety per cent of the energy in coal is now wasted. He also has in mind a plan for marine signaling by an under-water contrivance, at a distance of ten miles.

FARMERS and Stockmen will please note that they can get the *Retsof Rock Salt* from V. H. Parke & Son, 621 North Main street, acknowledged to be the best stock salt in the world. Wholesale and retail at their Lime House in Decatur June 15-w1m

ALL that honesty, experience and skill can do to produce a perfect pill, has been employed in making DeWitt's Little Early Risers. The result is a specific for sick headache, biliousness and constipation. W. F. Neisler.

IN the civil service examination for positions in the Decatur postoffice the dead line mark was 70 per cent., not 75. Consequently those whose score was 70 or over were put in the list of eligibles. Lewis Steward's mark was 73.22 and he has received notice that he is on the probationary list; but he will not go on duty at present. He will take his turn. Lew made a splendid carrier when he was in the service.

WEATHER FOR JULY.

What Hicks Has Predicted for the Coming Month.

Weather Prophet Hicks makes these forecasts for July: "About the 3d a good 'Fouth of July warmer' will begin to spread eastward, resulting in high winds, some rain and many thunder guns about the 4th to the 6th. July will bring much hot, dry weather, but changes at all regular periods will be apparent to all careful observers. The highest temperature will be reached during our storm periods, with changes of wind and minimum temperature between. The 10th and 11th are days of minor disturbance. New moon on the 13th will hasten and intensify heat and storms normally belonging to period 15th and 18th. Black clouds with severe bluster and thunder. Local downpours. Very warm, with storms on the 22 and 23d. From the 28th to the 30th excessive heat, with Venus storms.

Lost the Drive Wheels.

The Sullivan *Progress* is responsible for the story that a Terre Haute and Peoria engineer recently lost a drive wheel off his engine without knowing it. Strange as it may seem, it is more than equaled by the experience of Wm. Bird, who in 1882 lost all four drive-wheels just this side of Gays. The momentum of the train was so great, however, that he ran up to the depot platform in this city without stopping. The next day he and George King walked out to the summit of the hill and pushed them in ahead of them. It was very fortunate that no one was killed by the flying wheels. That portion of the country is sparsely settled. When the wheels were discovered a sparrow had built her nest in the hollow of one and it had three eggs as tenants —*Mattoon Gazette.*

Plenty of Corn.

There is a liberal quantity of corn held in eastern Nebraska and Kansas that is expected to come out as soon as the crop gets good rains, as farmers will not be disposed to sell freely until they are more sure of the new crop than at present. There is a good deal of corn to come out of Iowa and Illinois, and liberal receipts are looked for until after the first of the month, as the corn is being sent in to fill July contracts.

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's. nov5-d&wtf

NO SPECIAL GRAND JURY.

The Lynching Case Dropped for the Present.

Judge Vail's Remarks Recalling the Order for a Special Jury—Sheriff Perl and the Men He Brought in from the Country—They Got Their Pay.

From Thursday's Daily.

The Sam J. Bush negro lynching investigation is at an end for the present, and in the line of grand jury inquiry the people will hear no more of the case until the September term of court. It is doubtful if the matter receives attention at that time, to the extent of returning indictments against any of the parties who broke into the jail and followed up that act by lynching the negro naked in front of the court house.

It was published in the REPUBLICAN last evening that Judge Vail had ordered Deputy Clerk McClellan to issue a venire for a special grand jury. Sheriff Perl heard the order given. He was in the court room at the time. But the venire was not issued. It was not issued for the reason that it was not handed to the sheriff. He has not seen the paper yet. The judge had told Deputy McClellan to withhold the paper until this morning, in order that his honor might have time in which to further consider the propriety of calling a special grand jury together.

JUDGE VAIL'S DECISION.

When court met this morning at 10 o'clock Judge Vail announced his decision from the bench. He said:

"Last evening I gave the clerk orders to issue a venire for a special grand jury to further consider the Bush case, but after doing so I personally consulted quite a number of prominent business men of the city in whom I have confidence as to their judgment in the proper direction of public affairs, and while I wish to do my whole duty in the premises and uphold the law, yet I do not wish to put myself in the attitude of a crank, and therefore I consulted the gentlemen alluded to. It was pretty nearly the unanimous opinion of the parties consulted that it would be inexpedient in the present excited state of feeling on this question to call a special grand jury, when the September term of court is so close at hand. In obedience to the judgment of these men, who are public spirited and in favor of the enforcement of law, I have determined not to issue the venire for a special grand jury; but in doing it, I feel that it is an extremely humiliating thing to acknowledge that the law which has been openly violated cannot be enforced at present. There is a good deal of talk in the community just now about the anarchists and the pardon of Fielden and others, and there is general indignation expressed about it. Yet Fielden was the man who a few moments before the Haymarket murders was talking to his fellow anarchists, and had said: 'Resist the law; throttle the law, stab the law,' and I would like to know if the law in Macon county has not been stabbed and throttled and resisted."

That was all there was to be said, and Deputy McClellan who still had the venire in his pocket, metaphorically tore it up.

THE SHERIFF'S MISTAKE.

Sheriff Perl when he heard Judge Vail say in court last evening that a venire should issue for a special grand jury, and was personally instructed by the judge that he must select the jury in person, immediately started out to get the 23 men without waiting to have a copy of the venire delivered to him by the clerk. He supposed that it would be all right to go ahead, and that the issue of the venire was a mere formality. In law he had no authority, whatever, to make a move until the venire was delivered to him; the same as in a case where an execution is ordered issued to gain possession of property. The sheriff got his deputies together and started them out. They went to different parts of the county, and several were going the best part of last night. Several supervisors, by request of the sheriff, sent men in. This morning the farmers who were summoned by subpœnas signed by the sheriff reported at the court house to learn that Judge Vail had recalled the issue of the venire. They were not wanted, and they were told they were irregularly summoned. That didn't make any difference to them, and naturally they could not understand the situation. Many insisted upon getting their per diem and mileage. They first went to the sheriff and then the clerk, but they could get very little satisfaction. William Harbert, of Macon, led nice of the farmers to Judge Vail's room, and practically demanded that the court order the clerk to issue the warrants for the money. Judge Vail explained the situation, and said that while the venire had not been issued, and there was no legal authority had been given bringing the men to Decatur, he would order the clerk to issue the warrants to all who applied for perdiem and mileage; but he added that possibly the board of supervisors would object to paying the bill. That was enough. The callers left and Sheriff Perl gave the clerk the names of the men who called to get their pay. Fourteen in number called, and warrants were issued as follows for the amounts stated: William Harbert, $3.20; Ed Redmon, $3.20; J. W. Parlier, $2.70; A. T. Davis, $2.10; W. H. Stonebraker, $3.30; Warren Allsup, $3.30; J. S. Fletcher, $3.80; Wm. M. Greenfield, $2.90; R. S. McDonald, $3.00; D. L. Schroll, $3.00; I. N. Webb, $3.30; A. O. Bolen, $2.10; J. E. Huff, $2.80; F. H. Moser, $3.80.—Total $43.70.

During the forenoon Sheriff Perl saved some of the expense by telephoning to different points countermanding the order for the parties summoned to appear. Only fourteen had come in up to 1 o'clock.

DEATHS IN THE RIVER.

Dangers of Bathing in the Sangamon River—Linn Stough's Death..

From Thursday's Daily.

Richard Winchester, aged 11 years, a colored lad, son of Joseph Winchester, residing on South Boyd street in the second ward, was accidentally drowned this forenoon at 10 o'clock in the Sangamon river, at the old lime kilm, opposite the Mattes brick yard. Dick was in swimming with a number of white boys of about his age. Two sons of George Wilson started to swim across a deep pool, when Dick who could swim started to intercept them. There is a strong undercurrent where Dick swam and he went under and did not come up. The boys became frightened, and all got out. One went to the city dumping ground and called on Joe Foster for help. He summoned Lew Foster and Dud McIntyre from the brickyard. They recovered the body and it was turned over to Coroner Bendure, who held the inquest this afternoon at the Winchester home. The verdict was accidental drowning Dick was the last boy in the family.

From Friday's Daily.

In the REPUBLICAN last evening was given the particulars of the drowning of Richard Winchester, the colored lad who met his death at the lime kiln. During the afternoon a white boy named Linn Stough, aged 12 years, met his death by drowning near Hog Island, in the Sangamon river. He had gone to the river with his friend, Emil Blank, and Emil, who is like a duck in the water, disrobed and was soon plunging about. Linn could not swim, and did not go in. Later he was taken across the river by Otto Kenney and Charles Knipple, who were going up the river in a boat to look after a trot-line. Linn disrobed and was playing in water which appeared to be a shallow place. Suddenly he came to a "step-off," and went under. Young Blank called for help and did his best to save him, even at the risk of his own life. Linn in his struggles came near pulling Emil down with him, but the latter broke away. Knipple and Kenney hurried to the spot, but to late to save the drowning boy; he had gone down for the last time. Kenney recovered the body, and all did what they could to resuscitate the lad but without success. The body was removed to 551 East Gault street, where last evening Coroner Bendure held an inquest. A verdict of accidental death was returned.

The deceased was a son of Charles Stough, who is general foreman of the Wabash shops, East St. Louis. He had come to Decatur a few days ago with his mother to visit his grandmother, Mrs. Mary Stough, on Gault street

The Circuit Court.

Up to the time of going to press the circuit court took up cases and disposed of them as follws:

CRIMINAL DOCKET.

People vs. Oscar Caster; forgery. Defendant arraigned and plead guilty to one count, nolle as to others; sentenced to penitentiary for one year.

People vs. William Jones and Alva Ward; disorderly conduct. Defendants plead guilty; fined $10.

People vs. Lacey Ennis; petit larceny. Defendant plead guilty; sentenced to county jail for 60 days and fined $1.

People vs. Lou Johnson; keeping lewd house Defendant plead guilty; fined $200.

People vs. Elizabeth Davis; keeping lewd house. Plead guilty; fined $200.

A Decatur Boy.

Charlie A. Dennison will graduate today from the literary department of the University of Michigan. He leaves a good record behind him, as he has been favored by offices from the students several times. He has been the president of the Republican club, president of the Press club, and is at present the editor-in-chief of the U. of M. daily. Mr. Dennison will return next year to complete his course in the law school.

A Wedding.

Thomas Foster and Miss Mollie Foley, both of Mt. Zion, were married June 28th at the home of the officiating clergyman, Rev. N. M. Baker, in Long Creek township. The groom is 18 and the bride 19. Mr. Foster is a farmer and resides with his father one mile west of Mt. Zion. The couple got their regular welcome home. It was a [illegible] welcome.

Row in the Country.

Justice Hammer issued a state warrant Friday for the arrest of A[illegible] Penney and George Noble, who [illegible] trial for disorderly conduct. They reside six miles north of Decatur. The complainant is Samuel H. Garver.

At the Capital.

Mr. Albert Schnirring and Miss Barbara Fohner, of Decatur, were married Thursday at St. John's Lutheran church, Springfield. Chris Schnirring and Miss Mary Fohner, of Decatur, were the attendants.

THE MARKS.

Fifteen Out of 27 Pass in the P. O. Civil Service Examination.

Papers from Washington City have been received giving the result of the civil service examination held recently at the high school building, when a total of 27 young men and young women stood a written examination for positions in the Decatur postoffice. All going below 75 per cent. were shut out, and only 15 went over that mark. The scoring was done at Washington. The lucky fifteen with their marks are T. O. Loveland, 84.57; F. B. Meade, 90.02; W. K. Harvey, 79.05; F. M. Gray, 76.30; N. O. Masterson, 85.82; S. M. Holmes, 84.37; W. H. Payne, 76.82; J. W. Stough, 76.38; S. D. Faris, 77.03; all of whom were applicants for places as carriers and E. B. Smith 81.49; Maude Diel, 88.04; Eliza L. Matthews, 88.82; Wm. M. Bramble, 92.56, and Myra E. Carmany, 85.03, who were applicants for clerkships. C. A. Steinbaugh, an applicant for messenger, made a record of 75. Those who did not come up to the required standard are H. G. Yancy, 65,98; Louis Steward, 73.52; E. R. Myers, 71.08; Bruce Ferguson, 73.75; D. O. Kincaid, 68.57; E. O. Thayer, 69.17; O. A. Atterberry, 69.92; W. A. Runyan, 59; A. R. Reynolds, 61.42; G. W. Hinton, 73.72; C. Hendrin, 38.60; and H. A. Goreham, 39.60.

Loeland, Meade and Masterson are likely to be selected for carriers, and the clerkship will go to Bramble and Smith. Win Bramble, it will be noticed made the best record, and has no fear of civil service examination or rules.

Gave Up the Boy.

From Thursday's Daily.

Dalton Steward was in the Macon county circuit court yesterday afternoon in obedience to the writ of *habeas corpus* requiring him to show cause why he refused to surrender the boy James F. Waller to the petitioner, J. W. McElroy, the colored barber at Lake City, who last October was instrumental in having the lad brought here from Uniontown, Ky., to work at Steward's barber shop. McElroy had letters indicating that he was the agent for the boy's mother, and, as Steward had no contract, by order of the court young Waller, who is 12 years of age, was turned over to McElroy. Mr. Steward did not make a contest. He simply stated that he had taken the boy and had sent him to school all winter and at his odd hours he had worked at the shop. Now there is no school and the services of the boy are wanted either at Uniontown or Lake City, and it looks as if Steward will get nothing but thin thanks for giving the boy the benefit of the Decatur schools. Jimmy did not want to leave Steward, but McElroy took him away.

The Eli Peck Buggy Case.

From Friday's Daily.

The horse and buggy stolen from Eli Peck, of Cerro Gordo, and sold in Decatur for $45, have been restored to the owner. The stranger, who said his name was Taylor, represented that he had driven to Decatur from Indianapolis, and while at John Mc-Annally's saloon got into conversation with Wesley Jimison, the barkeeper. He offered to sell the property to Jimison for something like $60, and Jimison got it for $45. McAnnally did not purchase it. Mr. Peck happened to be chatting with McAnnally and it was through the latter that the Cerro Gordo man heard that Jimison had bought the missing property from the stranger. Efforts are being made to capture the thief.

Further Encouragement.

Elsewhere in this paper appears an article bearing new information to the reader in relation to the marvelous Arizona property of the Volcanic Copper Mining and Smelting Co. It seems that there is no limit to the possibilities of this property. The more it is investigated the more productive and rich it is found to be. It was at first thought the smelters had put a liberal estimate upon its value, but since the same smelters have made a more thorough test of larger bodies of the ore they have quadrupled their estimate. This certainly, so far, stands out as the best find of this decade.

MARRIED.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Dixon, 1156 North Water street, June 28, by Rev. T. A. Parker, Ephraim Bolin, of Hammond, Ill., and Miss Belle Dixon.

The bride wore white albatross and silk, trimmings of gold and gimp. Mrs. John Ponder, W. J. Huff and wife and W. J. Bolin were among those present.

At the First M. E. church, June 2[illegible], by Rev. T. A. Parker, A. J. Conover, of Webster City, I[illegible], and Miss Etta [illegible], of Bear[illegible], Ill.

DIED.

At [illegible] East Prairie avenue, [illegible], Edward James, son of Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Lines, aged 5 years.

At Lafayette, Ind., June 27, J[illegible], aged 90 years, [illegible] of Decatur.

[illegible]

[illegible]

The Decatur Implement Co.

Sells the very best makes of Farm Machinery, such as Minneapolis, Buckeye Frameless Binders and Mowers, Walter A. Wood Binders and Mowers, Binding Twine; a full line of Collins' Plows, David Bradley's Plows, Avery Planters and Cultivaters; Quincy Corn Planters, Hay Presses, Hay Rakes; Rock Island Hay Loader, Threshing Machines, All kinds of Binders, Reapers and Moweer repaired. Be sure to examine our goods before you buy.

Corner of East William and Franklin streets. feb16-wtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter

THERE is some difference in opinion among Democrats as to whether John P Altgeld is bigger than his party

So far there is no indication that the Democrats are at all disposed to tackle McKinley in Ohio on the tariff question

It's dollars to doughnuts that a majority of Democrats in both branches of congress will, when it comes to a show down, be opposed to the unconditional repeal of the silver purchase clause of the Sherman act

[illegible] her Cleveland nor Hill will take a part in the campaign in New York [illegible] There [illegible] and bis Demo[illegible]

[illegible] word in his message [illegible] that which [illegible] the greatest monstrous robbery of the people that could be devised If he wanted to rest in his denunciation [illegible] assertions why would it not be a good thing for his honor to remove that robbery?

The Illinois State Journal suggests that governors, as a rule before doing so far reaching an act as the pardoning of a lot of anarchists, would be expected to consult some of the leaders of the party that elected him before acting, and that if Altgeld did this the names of the persons he consulted, and who evidently gave him bad advice, should be published

WHEN Benjamin Harrison was president the Democrats tried to pass a free silver bill for the purpose they said of putting the president in "a hole" If the Republicans were made of the same sort of material they would vote against the repeal of the Sherman law for the purpose of putting Cleveland in "a hole" A Republican's regard for the prosperity of the country rises above mere party advantage, while the Democratic leader does not hesitate to do that which he knows will injure his country providing he thinks it will help his party

SENATOR SHERMAN is preparing a speech to show up the silver legislation in detail, which he will deliver either in Ohio as a campaign speech, or in congress when it convenes He stands ready to support the president and Secretary Carlisle in the effort to put a stop to the further purchase of silver bullion but this will not debar him from showing up the Democratic record and particularly that part of it which Mr Carlisle when in congress helped to make Of course he will not omit to show that Mr Carlisle, when a senator, voted several times for free silver The country will hardly be able to realize that there is any consistency in Mr Cleveland appointing as his secretary of the treasury a gentleman who voted so often for such an unwise law as free silver

OUR [illegible] the REPUBLICAN does not [illegible] that Altgeld [illegible] [illegible] they did not care, beyond the distribution of offices what he might do with the imprisoned anarchists These are the facts and it is this sort of business that has disgusted so many people who voted with the Democrats last fall They have discovered to their humiliation, that they cannot trust the Democratic leaders or the candidates they put up, and thousands of them are saying that if voting the Democratic ticket means favor to anarchists and socialists they will have no more of it

It is true as the Review claims that Gov Fifer was petitioned to pardon these people, and it is true, too, that he did not do it Neither Fifer nor his party is in the business of blaspheming the courts of the land for convicting men who are in the business of throwing bombs and carrying the red flag of anarchy, as an excuse for turning them loose It was this well settled fact that led the Democratic leaders to cater to the anarchistic element of the state by forcing Altgeld on their party

A Paradox

Cleveland has called congress to convene in special session to repeal the Sherman silver law and immediately silver advanced five cents Either Cleveland or the silver kings do not understand the new congress

IN old times it seemed to be thought that a medicine must be nauseating to be effective Now, all this is changed Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one of the most powerful alternatives is agreeable to most palates, the flavor being by no means medicinal

But Suppose It Does Not Cure

President Cleveland, in his message convening congress in extraordinary session August 7, 1893, is careful to call attention to the fact that an emergency exists which warrants him in thus convening this coordinate branch of government, in the following words

"WHEREAS, The distrust and apprehension concerning the financial situation which pervade all business circles have already caused great loss and damage to our people and threaten to cripple our merchants, stop the wheels of manufacture, bring distress and privation to our farmers and withhold from our working men the wages of labor and

"WHEREAS The present perilous condition is largely the result of a financial policy which the executive branch of the government finds embodied in unwise laws which must be executed until repealed by congress

The president herein not only diagnoses the case, but incidentally prescribes the remedy and predicts a cure He tells congress that distrust and apprehension concerning the financial situation [illegible] causing great loss to our people [illegible] that the perilous situation is due [illegible] to a [illegible] financial policy [illegible] [illegible] the Democratic party in congress [illegible] 1890 The law was [illegible] a temporary measure to forestall worse laws until the country should recover from the result of the pernicious teachings of the Democratic party Senator Sherman and the Republicans in congress tried to repeal the law in 1892 but the Democrats refused, though Cleveland had been elected, to aid in its repeal but admitting for the sake of argument, that the Republicans were originally responsible for the law the Democrats assumed the responsibility when they refused to aid in its repeal in 1892 Since the president issued his call for a special session of congress, Secretary Gresham, in an interview, in defense of the president against the charge that he should have convened congress sooner, said "I certainly believe congress will repeal the law I will say, too, that two weeks ago congress would not have repealed the act I know whereof I speak when I say that" And so we have from the lips of a cabinet officer, himself, the confession that the Democrats, as late as two weeks ago, still favored holding on to this 'bad financial legislation," in spite of the fact that the Democratic platform demanded its repeal It must be borne in mind, also, that Mr Cleveland is not now counting upon a majority of Democrats in either house to carry the repeal, but is counting upon almost the unanimous vote of the Republicans in both branches of congress to make the majority in favor of the repeal

But Dr Cleveland having, as he supposes, got enough Democratic nurses in line to begin his treatment, proposes, by the repeal of the Sherman law, to restore the business of the country to health He certainly has not forgotten, however that Democratic pharmacists agreed, in the late national Democratic convention, that in the treatment of the financial problem certain formulas are to be adopted First, "will cut' money Second," They declared We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for mintage but the dollar [illegible] coinage of both metals must be of [illegible] unchangeable value

[illegible] Dr Cleveland [illegible] to be honest with his pharmacists [illegible] the patient as soon as the Sherman law is repealed he will insist that the nurses shall administer the foregoing remedies to the sick business interests of the country to make the "wheels of manufacture go round This done, the country will have "wild cat' banks and the silver dollar will be doubled in weight and size and the mints will be opened to the free coinage of the same Unless he does this he will show himself and his party, both, to be arrant frauds, and will thus in another way show that it is a lack of confidence in the ability of the Democratic party to safely administer the affairs of government that is troubling the country

But suppose Dr Cleveland's remedy, the repeal of the Sherman law, does not restore confidence and start up business, then, what are we to think of the doctor, the pharmacists, the remedies and the nurses? Suppose that after all the threats of the Democratic party to "rip up protection root and branch" is the driftwood which has blocked the "wheels of manufactures," and thrown men out of employment and proves to have had more to do with "the distrust and apprehension than the silver question, what will the doctor do?

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure

F J CHENEY & Co, Props, Toledo, O

We, the undersigned have known F J Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm

WEST & TRUAX Wholesale Druggists, Toledo Ohio

WALDING KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo Ohio

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system Price 75c per bottle Sold by all druggists Testimonials free

CLOSED DOWN.

Silver Miners Awaiting the Action of Congress

DENVER, Col, July 5—The mines of the state are practically closed, and the men who have busied themselves driving tunnels sinking shafts and drifting through great ore bodies under ground find their occupations gone. Men who never before knew an idle moment are now walking the streets of the mining camps of the state Of the 318 mines employing men all are closed They have been operated for nearly a year at a loss expecting daily that the white metal would be recognized as a money metal and the price go up Some of the mines are still pumping water at enormous expense until it is seen what congress will do for it would be expensive to let them fill up with water This depression has affected all lines of business in the state [illegible]

Ex-President Harrison at Cape May

CAPE MAY, N J, July [illegible] Ex-President Harrison [illegible] The expressions of sentiment [illegible] by a large crowd of people [illegible] applauded [illegible] After the delivery of his address Gen Harrison had an impromptu reception and shook hands with most of his auditors

Chicago Socialists

CHICAGO July [illegible]—The [illegible] labor party yesterday adopted resolutions congratulating the social democratic members of the German reichstag on their success sympathizing with the opposing party in their misguiding efforts and advising them to join the socialist party favoring the abolition of the veto power of presidents governors and mayors and denouncing the modern trust system

The Southwest Silver Convention

SILVER CITY N M July 5—The Southwest silver convention met here yesterday with representatives from California Wisconsin Missouri Colorado Central America and the territories Ex Gov Ross of New Mexico, was made permanent chairman and make a strong speech The convention will get to work to-day

BASEBALL.

National League and American Association Clubs

The following games were played Monday

At St Louis—St Louis 4 New Yorks, 3

At Louisville—Louisvilles 9 Washingtons, 5

At Cleveland—Clevelands 13 Brooklyns, 10

At Cincinnati—Philadelphias 6 Cincinnatis 3

At Chicago—Chicagos 3 Bostons, 0

Yesterday's Games—Morning

AT ST LOUIS

New Yorks	1	0	4	0	2	1	0	0	*	—8
St Louis	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	—4

Batteries—Davis and Kelly Breitenstein, Hawley and Peitz

AT CHICAGO

Bostons	0	[illegible]	0	0	1	6	0	0	3	—8
Chicagos	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	—8

Batteries—Stivetts Staley and Ganzel, Mauck McGinnis and Schriver

AT CLEVELAND

Clevelands [illegible] —12
Brooklyns [illegible]

Batteries—Cuppy and Zimmer and O'Connor [illegible]

[illegible]

AT CINCINNATI

[illegible] —14

[illegible]

AT PITTSBURGH

[illegible]

Batteries—[illegible] McFarland and [illegible]

Afternoon Games

AT ST LOUIS

St Louis	0	[illegible]	0	[illegible]		0	0	[illegible]		—2
New Yorks	[illegible]	[illegible]		0	0	0	[illegible]	0		1

Batteries—[illegible] Baldwin and Milligan

AT CHICAGO

Boston	1	[illegible]	0	0	0	2	0	*		—5
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		—1

Batteries—Nichols and Bennett Hutchison and Kittridge

AT CLEVELAND

Clevelands	0	1	[illegible]	0	[illegible]	1	1	1		—10
Brooklyns	1	0	0	[illegible]	4	0	2	0	0	—8

Batteries—Cuppy and Zimmer Haddock and Kinslow

AT CINCINNATI

Philadelphias	1	0	[illegible]	1	0	0	1	1		—6
Cincinnatis	0	[illegible]	0	[illegible]	0	0	[illegible]	4	1	—5

Batteries—Vickery and Cross [illegible] and Vaughn

AT LOUISVILLE

Louisvilles	3	[illegible]	1	0	0	0	0			—6
Washingtons	[illegible]	1	0	[illegible]	0	0	1	0	0	—4

Batteries—Hemming and Grim Meekin and Farrell

AT PITTSBURGH

Pittsburghs	0	[illegible]	2	1	0	0	*			—14
Baltimores	0	0	3	0	2	[illegible]	0	0		—7

Batteries—Terry and Miller Hawke and Clarke McNabb and Robinson

Yesterday's Games.

MORNING GAMES

At Savannah—Savannahs 9 Memphis, 7

At Augusta—Augustas 12 Birminghams 0

At Chattanooga—Chattanoogas 13 Montgomeries 4

At Atlanta—Atlantas 5 New Orleans 1

At Charleston—Charlestons [illegible] Nashvilles 1

AFTERNOON GAMES

At Savannah—Savannahs 10 Memphis 3

At Augusta—Augustas 9 Birminghams 1

At Chattanooga—Chattanoogas 11 Montgomery 3

At Charleston—Charlestons 9 Nashvilles 5

Games Scheduled for To Day

Baltimores at Pittsburgh

Southern League Games

MONDAY'S GAMES

At Atlanta—Atlantas [illegible] New Orleans [illegible]

At Charleston—Charlestons [illegible] Nashvilles 2

At Augusta—Birminghams 13 Augustas 7

At Savannah—Memphis [illegible] Savannahs [illegible]

At Chattanooga—Chattanoogas 4 Montgomerys 2

CONFESSES HIS IDENTITY

And Will Stand Charged with Every Crime Upon the Calendar

COLORADO SPRINGS Col July 5—Henry Starr who was arrested Sunday with John Wilson confesses that he is the man wanted for killing the United States marshal at Fort Smith Ark, but claims it was in self-defense His alleged wife admits his identity United States Marshal Crum wires that requisition papers are now on the way and that Starr and Wilson must be held until his arrival Special Agent Taylor of the Santa Fe who is in the city thinks the two men robbed the train at Cimarron on June 10 last

Starr will stand charged with every crime upon the calendar—murder train and bank robbery whisky selling etc He is only [illegible] years of age and began his career of crime only about [illegible] ago [illegible] rewards amounting [illegible] offered for his arrest

Rioting in Paris

[illegible]

His Parachute Did Not Work

OMAHA, Neb July [illegible] Fisler a balloonist [illegible] made an ascension from Courtland Beach [illegible] like here Monday evening His parachute failed to work [illegible] fell in the Missouri river His body did not reappear

A Bad Failure

DENVER Col July 5—The failure of the Chaffee County bank at Salida Saturday proves to have been a bad one and it looks as though the institution had been looted Liabilities are $80,000 and genuine assets only $8,000

Bimetallic State Convention Called

TOPEKA Kan July 5—A C Shinn, of Ottawa vice president for Kansas of the American Bimetallic league has issued a call for a state convention to be held in Topeka July 26 in the interest of silver agitation

Three Men Injured at a Fire

DES MOINES Ia July 5—Fire yesterday afternoon destroyed J A Jarvis three-story building on Walnut street Loss, $50,000 partially insured Three men were injured none seriously by falling glass

A Party of Thirteen From Rampur

VICTORIA, B C, July 5—The Nawob of Rampur arrived here Monday morning They left the same evening for Banff, en route to Chicago. The party consists of thirteen, including several servants

MERIT A SURE WINNER

Dr Leslie's Pacing Mare Captures Another $500 Purse

The July races at Bloomington opened July 4th, and in the 2 45 pace, Merit, the prize winning mare owned by Dr Joseph Leslie, of Elwin, came in victor, knocking out a bunch of five good horses The summary was as follows

2 45 PACE—STAKE, $500

Ned B, b g, H J Marbold Greenview, Ill	4	1	1	2	3
Seneca Lee, br h, Ed Marvin Rosewell, Ind	5	3	3	4	1
Veni, b f G B Tyler Mattoon Ill	3	5	[illegible]	dr	
Jerome Taylor ch s [illegible] W West Chicago		2	4	5	
Merit blk m Dr J Leslie Elwin Ill	1	4		1	1
Colletta [illegible] H J Marbold Greenview Ill	[illegible]			r	

Time [illegible]

A Statement

[illegible] It is reported in certain localities that when I withdrew from the M E church I withdrew under charges for immoral conduct This report is false and a base slander I challenge investigation In September 1890 my character was passed by the Illinois Annual Conference, saying there is nothing against Bro Bradshaw The presiding elder and circuit preacher on their return from the conference made the above statement to me I then and there withdrew from the M E church I have been a member of the Illinois Annual Conference from October 1836, to 1890 There never was a bill of charges in any legal form presented against me before the Illinois Annual Conference that I ever heard of.

A BRADSHAW

Oreana Items

Mr Abe Kuhns is completing his house, and it is now the most imposing structure in the city

Mr Samuel Boyer is building a new hay barn

If chicken feed is wanted leave orders at mill six months ahead

Corn plowing is almost over, and corn is doing very well in spite of the drought

Our highways would be greatly improved in appearance by using the mower upon them

The foremost question these Democratic days is, what kind of times are these? The almost universal answer is, hard times

Mr T J Parr is having trouble with his well, but is supplied with water again

Mr Oscar Harruff is on the sick list

Rain is very badly need at present

Our farmers are putting up clover hay yield very good

Altgeld's pardon of the anarchists is bitterly condemned by all classes The fact that abler and grander men had refused to pardon and an able court and conscientious jury had convicted them make that political demagogue seem somewhat egotistical

Wedded.

Attorney C M Lane, of this city, and Miss Patterson were united in marriage Sunday evening at Sullivan Mr and Mrs Lane came to Decatur Monday

Resigned

S T. Nesbit has resigned his position in the Citizens' National Bank to accept a position in the Farmers' Bank when it begins business

NEARLY a hundred of Senator Joe Blackburn's friends gave the distinguished Kentuckian an old-fashioned fish fry and burgoo on the banks of the Elkhorn near Lexington, recently.



TWO KINDS OF WOMEN need Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription—those who want to be made strong, and those who want to be made well It builds up, invigorates [illegible]

It's for [illegible] womanhood, [illegible] reached the critical change of life", for women expecting to become mothers, for mothers who are nursing and exhausted, for *every* woman who is run down, delicate, or overworked

For all the disorders diseases, and weaknesses of women, "Favorite Prescription" is the *only* remedy so unfailing that it can be *guaranteed* If it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case the money will be returned

There's nothing likely to be "just as good"

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

LOGAN LETTER

The REPUBLICAN is indebted to J J Roberts dealer in grain provisions and stocks with correspondents in Chicago New York Minneapolis and St Louis for the following L G Logan & Co's market letter received over the Roberts private wire

CHICAGO Ill July [illegible] 1893

We have had a weak dull wheat market to day Sept opened at 70 [illegible] The trading was light around this figure until the [illegible] in the visible was known to be [illegible] bushels Free selling was then the order of the day and the price declined The export business is up to expectations but the fear of tight money continues to limit speculation

Corn in sympathy with wheat sold a good half cent lower

Oats steady with little doing in them

Hog product opened strong The special demand was from the packing interest Receipts are liberal and the general feeling is that they will increase

Sales of Real Estate.

W H Starr and I R Mills to Murff, G Millikin, lot 16 and 15 feet off of the east side of lot 15 in block 3 in Starr & Mills first addition to Decatur—$800

Maurice J Tangney to Frank Bickes, lot 6 in block 1 in Crowder & Cornthwait's addition to Decatur—$2[illegible]0

James E. Hill to J M Crary lot 7 in block [illegible] in Western addition to Decatur—$4,000

D W Brenneman to George A Kellar, a lot 25x116 feet in the northeast corner of lot 15 in block 1 in Central addition to Decatur—$25 000

Catherine C H Grodwohl to Robert G Wells, lots 1 and 4, block 14 in Allen & Reynolds addition to Decatur—$2,000

W M Lewis to Hamorette Perry lot 17, block 1, of North Side Park addition—$1,500

Robert G Wells to C[illegible] Grodwohl, lots 1 and [illegible] block 14 in Allen & Reynolds addition to Decatur $2[illegible]

Came in Second

[illegible]

[illegible]

S. G HATCH & BRO.

Wish to call attention to their UNPRECEDENTED

CUT PRICE SALE

—OF—

Dry Goods and Millinery.

Some goods are cut ten per cent some goods are cut twenty per cent, some goods are cut thirty three and a third per cent, making this *the only real genuine cheap clearing out sale*

We mean just what we say The goods must and shall be sold We ask purchasers to examine carefully goods and prices We have just received two sample lines, one of purses and one of handkerchiefs, collars, laces, scarfs, bibs etc, bought at half value and will be sold accordingly Respectfully,

S. G. HATCH & BRO.,

151 East Main Street.

Linn & Scruggs

DRY GOODS & CARPET Co

Importers & Retailers. Decatur, Ill

ALTERATION SALE.

Must Have Room in Our Cotton Goods Department.

100 PIECES FANCY FAST BLACK ORGANDIES.

Our 15c quality at - - 10c
Our 20c quality at - - - 12½c
Our 25c quality at - - 15c
Our 35c quality at - - - 20c
Our 50c quality at - - - 25c

25 PIECES Plain, Black French Lawn.

45c quality at - - 20c
50c quality at - - - 29c

100 Pieces Best Toil du Nord Dress Ginghams.

Formerly sold at 12½c, at 8½c.

50 PIECES Foxhall Outing Cloth - at 5c.

40 PIECES Real India Linen Lawn, with colored figures, at 5c

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

There Is to be a Shoe Sale!

Of Shoes that are exclusive in Style, made for the fine city trade. Do the following prices sound reasonable to you?

Lawnsbury, Mathewson & Co.'s, Ladies' Fine Oxfords, $5.00, Sale price, $3.00. Ladies' Tan Oxfords, 75c. Children's 2-5 and 4-8 Tan and Red Shoes 50c. Gentlemen's Tan Bluchers $4, reduced to $2.50. Calf Oxfords $5.00 Pat. Leather Prince Albert Oxfords, $1.25. Ladies' Tan Oxfords, 75c. Misses' and Youths' Leather Shoes reduced to $3.50.

AT THE POWERS' SHOE STORE.

AN OPEN LETTER

To the Participants in the Mob of June 3, 1893, by Rev. N. M. Baker of Long Creek Township.

GENTLEMEN—I do not wish to write to you in any spirit of bitterness. Some of you, I have no doubt, are my personal friends, and I do not wish to destroy that friendship by anything that may be said. I think, too, that most of you are almost as much opposed to mobs as I am, and that you only took part in this one because you thought that the heinous nature of the offense that had been committed rendered it an exception to all ordinary rules, and it may be that you still persuade yourselves that in executing summary vengeance on the criminal you were doing a meritorious rather than a blame-worthy action.

But I feel constrained to tell you that to myself and to a great many other quiet and thoughtful citizens, this does not appear to be a sufficient cause as to make it an exception, and, instead of having been a praise-worthy thing, it seems to us that you have done one that is extremely dangerous and horrible in all its consequences, and which you must some day, yourselves, bitterly regret. And we feel, too, that the sooner you can see this matter as we see it the safer it will be for yourselves and the community at large.

I think you allege but three reasons in justification of your extraordinary conduct. First, the peculiar atrocity of the crime; second, that the penalty prescribed by law is insufficient; and, third, that you wanted to make such an example by taking this summary vengeance that men would be deterred from violating the law in the future.

First, then, as to the atrocity of the crime: Has it occurred to you that the public does not know just how atrocious the crime was? And is it not true that the majority of you who constituted the mob are equally ignorant? And have you ever reflected that by your precipitate action you have, to a great extent, rendered it impossible that we ever should know? True, "'Twould have angered any soul alive to hear the rogue deny it," yet you men are too fair-minded not to admit the importance of bringing the accuser and accused face to face, and of questioning them in each other's presence, in order to reach the exact truth.

Has it ever occurred to you that the woman has never been put on oath even, and that there is no official record to which we can go to learn what she asserts? The air is full of rumors. There is a story of the most diabolical villiany fully accomplished, accompanied with all the disgusting details. And there is another story not varying much from the negro's own statement, in which the woman is represented as having been frightened and insulted, but not injured in the least; and both of these stories have come to me at not more than three stages from the woman's own mouth, and the latter one purporting to have come in all except its last stage through her own relatives. Am I not justified then, in saying that we do not know how heinous the offense was? I have not mentioned these conflicting rumors to call in question the woman's veracity, but to show you the danger of basing actions involving life and death, on mere unauthoritative rumor, and also to show you that the conditions at this present moment are such that a public investigation is needful for the woman's own vindication, and that by your precipitate action you have deprived her of the opportunity. But suppose the worst is true. I grant that it is a heinous crime, and I have no more sympathy for this particular criminal than I have for the sinful and depraved everywhere. It is well that your indignation should be aroused, mine was aroused also, and to me it is a matter of joy that such a man should be promptly hunted down and that the strong hand of the law should be laid upon him. But was the feeling that the processes of law were too slow and its penalty too light the outgrowth upon your part, of a genuine respect for womanly virtue, and a genuine abhorrence of the violator of it, or was it the result of blind, unreasoning passion? We ought to be consistent in our indignation as well as in other things. I ask you then plainly, has not womanly virtue been outraged in your community in even a more diabolical manner than this, and that too, more than once? Why is it then, that you were never moved to so avenge it before? Suppose a woman is violently overcome by the mere exercise of brute force, that is one thing; but again, suppose a woman is approached by a "gay Lothario," who gradually insinuates himself into her affections until, fascinated by his blandishments and blinded by his promises and her own unbounded love, she is brought to yield herself to his will and then he leaves her to bear her shame as best she may. That is another thing. Suppose one or the other of these calamities must befall your wife or sister, or daughter, which would you choose? The former, every one of you, and rightly, too. For in that case, although the body may be polluted the soul is not ravished; while in the latter there is a moral contamination; the whole woman is ruined and undone. Who, then, is the greater criminal, and on whom should the heavier condemnation fall? And yet so far from executing vengeance on this destroyer of womanly virtue, have you not tolerated him in your community almost without protest? And you may even have accepted him as a confederate in bringing death to another man, whose moral turpitude was, to say the least, no blacker than his own. I have mentioned this matter, not to palliate the crime of the ravisher, which I abhor, but to show you that to one who looks on from a distance you do not appear to have been actuated wholly by a consistent respect for womanly virtue and by a genuine abhorrence of its destroyer, but partly, at least, from that blind frenzy that is so apt to seize the multitude when it catches the scent of blood. Your second plea is that the penalty prescribed by the law in such a case is not sufficient. I am not inclined to controvert this proposition, and am willing to go as far as any of you in increasing the stringency of the law by the addition of any penalty that society has a right to enforce, and to extend its application so as to embrace that other class of destroyers to whom I have alluded. But, gentlemen, you have helped to make the law as it is, you have lived under it for years; some of you may have sat upon juries and helped to enforce this law when its penalty has been incurred in other communities, and you never protested against it till now; and after all that has occurred even you will not deny that, as a rule, until a law is set aside or altered by the same power that made it, that law should be obeyed. Now, can it be true that you alone, of all the people of the state, have a right to decide when an exception to this rule shall be made, and to increase the penalty at your own good will and pleasure? You know very well that as a single community in the body politic, or as individuals, you do not possess this right. And yet, you, in whose hands the execution of the law has not been placed by your fellow-citizens, have presumptiously assumed to do this thing, and so it appears very clear to an observer, and I do not see how you, yourselves can escape the conclusion, that in your attempt to increase, in an illegal way, the penalty of that law which says, "Thou shalt not commit adultery," you have incurred upon yourselves the heavier penalty of that other law which says, "Thou shalt not kill," and the guilt or innocence of the man whose life you took, has absolutely nothing to do with the legal aspects of the case and very little if anything to do with its moral aspects either.

But you say you wished to make an example that would strike such terror into the hearts of evil doers as would deter them from violating the law in the future. But do you imagine that the spasmodic action of a mob, which is in itself so contrary to law that it cannot be often repeated without introducing anarchy itself, can have such power to restrain evil-doers as the regular and inexorable enforcement of the law by the whole power of the state? If this be true, then organized society is a failure, and savagery is the true government, and the sooner we abrogate all law the better.

But, gentlemen, you have not only made an example but you have also set one. Have you ever calmly considered the logical consequences of the example you have set, and the character of the lessons it teaches? If your action is to be taken as a precedent, and if it is right it ought to be, then you have put it in the power of any woman of reasonable credibility to procure the murder of any man whom she might be base enough to accuse; for if there is to be no trial in such a case, then the falsely accused would be as helpless as the guilty, and I can imagine that even you would feel the monstrous injustice of this, if you should chance to be the victim. But worse than this, you have taught by your example, that the law itself is nothing but a shadow to frighten the timid, that there is nothing sacred about it, that any man, or set of men may trample it under foot at their own pleasure and defy its legal representatives and still claim to be good citizens, for this is exactly what you have done, and even you must admit that every other citizen has an equal right with yourselves to set his foot on the law, his own judgment being the only guide to determine when the appropriate time has come. But could any anarchy be more perfect than this? So far then, is the example which you have made, from being calculated to frighten the vicious into law abiding men, it tends rather to absolve all men from obedience. For you have asserted by your actions, and so far you have made your assertions good, that the law can neither protect the weak nor punish the strong, and if this state of things is to continue, then such a law is worthy of no man's reverence. And right here is the gravamen of our complaint against you. It is not the life of a worthless criminal over which we grieve, and every insinuation that it is, is merely throwing dust into the air to hide the real point at issue. It is constituted authority successfully defied that we grieve over. It is the honor of outraged law that demands atonement. We are grieved not only by your disregard of law, but also by your unwarrantable abuse of its legal representatives when they attempt to discharge their duty. You surely are not ignorant of the fact that these men are under oath to enforce the law against every violator of it, and have you never reflected that a Prosecuting Attorney or a Judge, who would disregard his oath to shield you when you happen to be the transgresser, would likely do the same thing in the case of any other criminal? Now this may be the sort of legal officer you would like to have just now, but I can assert with great assurance it is not the sort demanded by the great majority of the citizens of this county and of this state. No, gentlemen the fault is not with the representatives of the state, they did not begin this trouble. The fault is with you, because by an unlawful act you have put yourselves in opposition to the whole legal machinery of the state. Now gentlemen, I do not think you were conscious of acting through wrong motives in the first place, but permit a man who is beginning to get old, to say in all kindness, that in the excitement of the moment you have made a fearful mistake, and the longer you continue to justify yourselves in it, wrongs that are more and more consciously deliberate, must be added to the first one, as witness the means by which your exemption has been purchased thus far; means which look at least, enough like wholesale perjury to make a Christian tremble and a Patriot blush. I have written these things "in sorrow rather than in anger" and with the hope that some among you at least will listen to reason. But if the only result should be to bring personal abuse upon myself, I am sure of at least two things. First, That neither I nor my children will blush because of a single sentiment contained in this letter if we should live for a hundred years, and second, that in less than ten years the deed in which some of you now glory, will be held in as utter detestation in this county, where it now has so many apologists, as it is already held in every other portion of this state. And so gentlemen in the sincere hope that you will be led to such serious reflections that you will never again enter into a combination of citizens to interfere with the regular administration of the law or to countenance the same, and that mob law will never be resorted to in Macon county, I remain with due respect,

Yours truly, N. M. BAKER.

Killed by Lightning.

Yesterday morning near Bement the 16 year-old son of B. F. Faulk, a farmer near that place, while riding to church on horseback, was struck by lightning and both he and the horse were instantly killed.

Skipped.

William Whitman, cashier of the American Express company at Springfield, has skipped out and detectives this far have not been able to locate him. The extent of his steal is not known.

The Best Dressing



AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Prevents the hair from becoming thin, faded, gray, or wiry, and preserves its richness, luxuriance, and color to an unusual period of life. It cures all diseases of the scalp, and keeps the hair from falling.

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

THE CLINTON POSTOFFICE.

How Two Editors Feel About the Change of Postmasters —Everybody Satisfied.

The Clinton postoffice is a goodly plum, worth about $1,800 a year to the person who occupies the position. There has been a change of postmasters there. Richard Butler, editor of the Clinton *Public*, a stalwart Republican paper, goes out and Perry Hughes, editor of the Clinton *Register* goes in. This week both gentlemen refer to the change in their respective papers. Both seem to be well satisfied with the change, which reminds us of the passage in the "Old Homestead," wherein the old friend inquires of "Uncle Josh" about the neighbors to the homestead, and when told that a certain eccentric neighbor was dead, interposed the inquiry "what complaint?" when Uncle Josh replied "there was no complaint, everybody was satisfied." This, of course, applies in the case of the change of postmasters at Clinton, only to the out-going and incoming postmaster as Mr. Butler has been a good postmaster and gave as good satisfaction as it is possible for a public servant to give the public. It may be proper to say that in making this change Mr. Cleveland forgot his sublime devotion to the cause of civil service as Mr. Butler has only held the office about sixteen months, succeeding a Democrat who had had the office for five years. Following is what these editors have to say about the change:

FROM THE CLINTON PUBLIC.

The editor of the *Public* was appointed postmaster of Clinton sixteen months ago, and on last Monday, by the grace of President Cleveland, he was retired on the charge of "malignant partisanship," a new political disease that will take rank with the President's celebrated "innocuous desuetude." * * Mr. Carle, the Democratic predecessor of the present postmaster, was allowed to serve within six weeks of five years before he was removed. The Republicans [illegible] the theory that an officer was entitled to serve the full term of his commission. It, however, is a pleasure to the editor of the *Public* that he is removed from the postoffice because of being a "malignant" partizan. As a Republican editor we have always felt pleasure in being a partisan to the extent that we believed the Republican party had always better men for candidates than the opposition, and that the party's platforms of principles were in favor of America and the American workman. Until some better party is born we propose to stick to the party of Abraham Lincoln and the grand line of patriots who made the United States a free country in fact.

FROM THE CLINTON REGISTER.

Tuesday the morning papers brought the news that Perry Hughes, of the *Register* had been appointed postmaster to succeed Richard Butler. * * * The *Register* for a quarter of a century has fought nobly for the principles of Democracy. It has traveled along the rough and thorny road that led from a Republican majority of 300 or 400 to a Democratic majority of twenty-eight last fall. During the long and tedious journey the *Register* has not had the way lined with the beautiful things that be, nor rested on "flowery beds of ease." It has been a hard and wearisome travel, and until now the efforts and work of the different editors have never been recognized with office of any kind, while the editor of the *Public*, its contemporary, has been three times appointed postmaster in Clinton. Anyone at all familiar with what the editor of a political paper must do for his party, will not find fault because they now and then share in the fruits of the results of the work "to save the country." The editors of the *Register* do not regard the appointment as a recognition of personal efforts, and hope no one else does. It is a recognition of what has been done by the paper through many years of its existence, and it will be the aim of the newly appointed postmaster to prove to the Democrats in the county that their party organ will be made more able to battle for the principles they regard as best for the country.

New Livery Firm.

From Saturday's Daily

Snell Bros., of Moawequa, last evening closed the deal by which they purchased the wagon yard and livery stable of Will Wallace, formerly Davis Bros. on East Main street. The new firm took possession to-day.

THE recent election of M. Benjamin Constant, the distinguished French painter, to the academy was gracefully celebrated by his pupils at the Julian studios with a brilliant reception.

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's. nov5-d&wtf

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High School Souvenir China, Pin Trays, Bon-Bons, Sugars and Creamers, Bread and Butter Plates, Cake Plates, Etc.

Every scholar and teacher should see this line.

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Jewelers and Dealers in Fine China.

Bradley Bros.

25 Fancy Parasols at 98c each, early price $2.50 and $3.

36 Ladies' Navy Blue Storm Serge Dress Skirts at $2 95 each.

18 doz. Ladies' White Lawn and Colored Percale Shirt Waists, all sizes, 50c each.

15 doz. Straw Sailor Hats, all colors, 13c each.

6-Button length Chamois Gloves, tan and white, 63c.

20 doz. French woven Corsets, sizes 18 to 30, 25c.

Ladies' pink, blue and white Collars and Cuffs, 11c a set.

One lot leather Belts, 35 and 40c goods, to close at 25c.

One lot leather Belts, 50 and 65c, to close at 39c.

One lot fancy leather and metal Belts, 75c to $1,25, to close at 50c each.

One lot folding Japanese Fans, 2c.

One lot folding Japanese Fans, 3c each.

500 fancy Japanese folding Fans, 5c each.

200 Lacquered stick folding Fans, 8c each.

100 Japanese parchment folding Fans, 10c each.

Bradley Bros.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CARPETS AND CURTAINS.

CORNER WATER AND WILLIAM STS.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur Illinois as second class mail matter.

EDITIONS are now too far apart to suit the people

IT seems there are nations on this mundane sphere who prefer to go to war rather than attend the World's Fair

THE Democrats have been peculiarly unfortunate in Illinois Their last governor, before the war, was a defaulter and the present one is an anarchist

JUDGING from the amount of railroad construction so far this year, there will be less miles of rails laid during the year 189 than any year since 1878 This all means less demand for labor

THE work of turning out Republicans and putting Democrats in office goes on at a rapid rate All this, it seems, does not have any effect in restoring business confidence in the administration, in fact, business is affected in an adverse ratio to the number of Democrats going into fat places

THE citizens of Naperville hung John P Altgeld in effigy Wednesday night Across the breast of the figure the hands were clasped On one hand was the word 'Anarchy,' and on the other "Altgeld" Altgeld's reason for granting the pardon evidently are not satisfactory to the people of Naperville

SOME days ago the public was notified that Secretary Gresham was on his way to Chicago He is probably there now and as we have heard of no demonstrations in his honor we feel that it is proper to suggest that the World's fair search light be turned on him lest some one may stumble over him

THE Chicago *Journal* raises the question as to John P Altgeld's citizenship It seems that his father came to this country when John P was a boy, and there is no evidence that the father was ever naturalized If he was not so naturalized before the son arrived at his majority, then the son is an alien and not a citizen

SECRETARY CARLISLE has not yet found the courage necessary to report the facts collated by Special Agent Ayer concerning the tin industry in the United States for the quarter ending March 31, 1893. It's pretty hard when a cabinet officer withholds a report for no better reason than that it shows American progress and genius, and is a demonstration of the benefits of a protective tariff

THE laboringman who is out of work, as the result of a lack of confidence in the Democratic administration and consequent stringency in financial affairs finds the Democratic victory very expensive to him Even if it were true, as Democratic campaigners claimed, that the tariff is a tax, he would prefer a chance to earn wages under the policy of tariff taxes, than to be idle under free trade or as the result of the threat of it

JUSTUS SCHWAB, of New York, an archist says 'Anarchy is only in its infancy, but Gov Altgeld has helped it on to maturity My feelings toward him are the kindest Such testimony as this ought to cause the people of Illinois to rise in their might in 1894 and elect a legislature that would impeach Gov Altgeld for his unwarranted assault upon the officers of the law and the courts, and his encouraging counsel to anarchy, and send him back to those people to whom he belongs

THE secretary of the Kansas Farmers' Alliance has issued an appeal to that organization for contributions of cash, food or clothing, in aid of the striking coal miners of the Cherokee district The appeal states that the strikers are destitute because they have been idle so long, and that they are fighting for a principle The principle is a demand for higher wages but that is one of the principles that is pretty hard to enforce at this time when there are so many men idle who are not on a strike but are simply unemployed

THE *Review* has fallen back to defend the Democratic calamity howler to the old howl about Kansans burning corn and Pennsylvania miners freezing for want of money to buy coal, and from this it argues that the Democratic calamity howler was telling the truth It does this in answer to the statement made by those Republican papers that refer to the present stringency with its train of calamities, which are now affecting all classes of people—that they are doing no more than calling attention to matters that really exist The *Review* should be careful not to get away from the fact that the election of a Democratic administration instead of improving the condition of laboring men has made their condition infinitely worse than they were at the worst period of Republican rule and that [illegible] the Democratic administration [illegible] legislation [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to power

Appealing to Cleveland.

The stubbornness of President Cleveland in refusing up to this time to convene congress, under the circumstances, is almost criminal It is true that he has, from time to time, notified the country that he is afraid its financial notions are not in accord with his own, and that unless it has modified its views its financial legislation would intensify public distrust instead of allaying it He has even gone so far as to argue that the only escape from what he regards as the suicidal policy of the majority in congress, is to allow the condition of the country to grow much worse before he convenes congress, so that the deplorable condition of the country may so alarm the majority as to make it fear to follow its own wild theories This latter notion puts Mr Cleveland, as a financial doctor, in about the same position the old time physician was in who declared that if he could throw his patient into "fits," he could always succeed in effecting a cure, as he was an expert on "fits" Mr Cleveland may regard this as a good theory, but it is proving mighty expensive to the people, who are suffering on account of the deplorable condition of affairs

The people are becoming very much wrought up over the position which Mr Cleveland has taken, and have resorted to petitions to call his attention to the fact that the country needs immediate action Business men do not relish being in jeopardy, in a financial sense, every minute to satisfy the whims of a man who will draw his salary, no matter how disorganized business may become They want him to call congress together at once They have become tired of the exploded theory that Cleveland is a safe man because he is bigger than his party They have discovered that that assumption cannot stand alone when the Democratic party is in full power They are satisfied the Democratic congress will do as it pleases regardless of the president's views, and they see no reason why the meeting of congress should be longer postponed They want it called in extra session at once so that it may enact its policies into law in order that business can be shaped to something definite This is altogether proper and sensible If the Democratic congress thinks the people ought to have free silver and wild cat bank issues buttressed with a revenue tariff, the quicker the people can get it and adjust their affairs to it, the better Anything is better than the conditions which have resulted from the uncertainty in which they have become involved on account of the coming into power of a party so unstable in its views that the wisest cannot divine what it will do

Cleveland's delay is simply unpardonable, and if he has the honesty of purpose he ought to have, he will heed the cry of a distressed people, and call congress in extra session at once, and let it do now, what it will be sure to do in September if the meeting is postponed until that time

The Pardon of the Anarchists

The following editorial is from the Macoupin County *Enquirer*, a strongly Democratic paper

That Governor Altgeld has made a great mistake, to call it by no harsher name, in pardoning Fielden and Schwab there can scarcely be any question As to the man Neebe, we have never believed him guilty and do not believe he should ever have been imprisoned, but as to the other men it was quite different They had been regularly tried and their case had been reviewed by all the courts and none of them had seen fit to disturb the verdict of the trial jury And yet the governor by granting these pardons virtually says that he knows more law than all the courts He even enters into an extended argument in favor of the defendants, but has nothing to say for the courts or the people The *Enquirer* has been an enthusiastic supporter of Governor Altgeld, in fact, was the first paper in central Illinois to advocate his nomination for governor and was instrumental in securing a delegation from Macoupin County instructed to vote for him in the state convention Since his inauguration we have loyally supported his administration, but when it comes to pandering to anarchy, we draw the line We are Democrats and firmly believe in Democratic principles, but we are not of those who will blindly support an office holder in a wrong simply because he happens to belong to our party

THE reform party has been in full power less than six months, and in that time it has succeeded in adding the following to its 'traditions,' to which it may "refer with pride" in the future

It has made American citizens escaped criminal catchers for Russia

It has frightened American business men by its threats to enact un-American laws and has thus caused business depression and crippled the demand for labor

It has managed to haul down the American flag, and has glorified the red flag of anarchy

In short it is sitting in the bald headed row whistling for the performance, "What are we here for," to go on

THE iron and steel sheet scale was settled at 1 30 o clock Friday morning and work in these plants will be continued without interruption, unless the Democrats make a reduction in the duties on tin plate and taggers iron The agreement is that in that case there shall be a new schedule of wages These [illegible] the manufacture of American tin plate, and a reduction of [illegible] [illegible] those engaged in their manufacture [illegible] this agreement to reopen the [illegible] in case the Democrats [illegible] The schedule affects about 15,000 workmen

IGNORANCE of the merits of DeWitt's Little Early Risers is a misfortune These little pills regulate the liver, cure headache, dyspepsia bad breath, constipation and biliousness — A F Nieder

Why Should Sherman Explain.

A Democratic paper wants to know if John Sherman is as much in favor of the repeal of the Sherman silver law as Republican papers claim he is why he does not take occasion to say something about it? The reply is that John Sherman is not a demagogue He does not have to talk to fix his relations to the affairs of our country He is a man of action and proposed and did what he could in congress last winter to repeal the law He even went so far as to challenge Mr Cleveland to produce 10 Democratic votes in the senate to carry the repeal bill but Mr Cleveland who had been talking too much, when it came to action, could not furnish the ten Democratic votes

This inquiry, on the part of the Democratic paper referred to, comes with exceeding bad grace at this time, for Democratic leaders have been canvassing the Democratic Congress Mr Cleveland is afraid to call together, and they claim the result of that canvass shows that a repeal bill can be passed in the house, but that canvass also shows that a majority of the Democrats in the house are opposed to the repeal of the law and that the majority must be secured through Republican votes, two thirds of which are in favor of repeal In the Senate the canvass is not so assuring, as they can only count on eleven Democratic votes in favor of repeal There they also are depending upon the Republicans to furnish the votes for the repeal and in that number they count John Sherman They do not assume to have any doubt about Senator Sherman's position in that quarter

From Friday's Daily

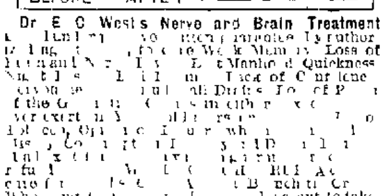
THE *Review* this morning professes to be very much shocked to have discovered that the REPUBLICAN treats Altgeld's pardon of the anarchists as a political matter It says "It is too bad that such a matter as a pardon should be treated in that way" The REPUBLICAN treats it as a political matter because the Democratic bosses sat down at headquarters, at the Palmer house, in Chicago, and canvassed their available material for governor and they decided upon Altgeld, in preference to Black and Hunter because his relations to the anarchists and socialists and the other denizens of 'Hell's Half Acre' insured the party that vote in case of Altgeld's nomination These facts were sent out to the little Democratic bosses over the state and right here in Decatur, where the people were naturally for Black or Hunter, the little bosses at once set up a clamor for Altgeld on the ground that he would be a winner" By these methods Altgeld was nominated because he was a friend of anarchists and his nomination insured the pardon of the anarchists in the case of his election It is this feature of Altgeld's road to the governor ship that makes the pardon political, and it is this very fact that makes the *Review* sensitive about it and leads it to try to explain it away The Democratic party is simply reaping what the big and little bosses have sown for it And it is these facts also that led, Altgeld to attempt to give a reason for the pardon in order to cover the infamous manner and object of his nomination and election It happens, however, and justly too that nobody cares anything about his reasons Sensible people believe that the jury and judge who tried the anarchists and the supreme court of the state and that of the United States that passed on the trial know more about the case than John P Altgeld

SAMUEL J TILDEN'S physician has at last secured his fee for professional services rendered to the sage The original fee was, including interest $150 000 for 2221 days service at $50 a day The period of service was from 1873 to the day Tilden died in 1886 The matter was settled in court, and the doctor was allowed $40 000 The physician's name is Charles E Simmons

Now Try This

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs Dr King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief or money will be paid back Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing, and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is Trial bottles free at King & Wood's drug store Large size 50c and $1 cm

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Epilepsy or Fits Cured.
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Suffering from Spermatorrhea and impotency the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in mature years and other causes producing some of the following effects as emissions blotches, nervousness dizziness, confusion of ideas, aversion of society defective memory, and sexual exhaustion, which unfit the victims for business or marriage are permanently cured by remedies not injurious

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BUT THE VALUES WE GIVE

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It Can't be Wrong To do to Dolls As Mamma Does to you!



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HATS OF THE NEWEST SHAPES—all grades.

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AN EXTRA SESSION

Called to Take Action on the Present Financial Question.

A PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

Mr. Cleveland Departs Suddenly for Buzzard's Bay, Leaving a Large Number of Important Appointments Agreed Upon, Unsigned.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—It has been determined to call the extra session of congress for Monday, August 7.

At 6 o'clock last evening the following proclamation was issued:

A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30.

WHEREAS, The distrust and apprehension concerning the financial situation, which pervades all business circles have already caused great losses and damage to our people and threaten to cripple our merchants, stop the wheels of manufacture, bring distress and deprivation to our farmers, withold from our workingmen the wage of labor; and

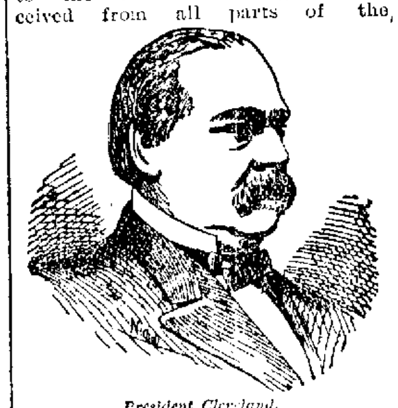
WHEREAS, The present perilous condition is largely the result of a financial policy which the executive branch of the government finds embodied in unwise laws which must be repealed by congress. And,

Therefore I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, in performance of a constitutional duty, by proclamation do declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the convening of both houses of congress of the United States at the capitol, in the city of Washington, on the 7th day of August next, at 12 o'clock noon, to the end that the people may be relieved, through legislation, from present and impending danger and distress. All those entitled to act as members of the Fifty-third congress are required to take notice of this proclamation and attend at the time and place above stated.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States at the city of Washington, on the 30th day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and seventh.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

The president had left directions for the issuance of the proclamation before his departure for Gray Gables. The determination to call the extra session the first week in August, instead of the first week in September, it is understood, was only definitely arrived at yesterday morning in cabinet session after giving full weight to the numerous telegrams received from all parts of the



President Cleveland.

country urging this course. Another consideration which caused the president to change his mind was foreshadowed in the remark made to one of his cabinet officers a few days ago that if the president received reasonable assurances that there was a likelihood of a prompt repeal of the so-called Sherman law [illegible] he [illegible] posed to call congress together [illegible] than he had announced.

The president left here at 4:20 yesterday afternoon over the Pennsylvania road for Buzzard's bay. He will be absent three weeks or more, his stay depending upon circumstances. Secretary Lamont accompanied the president as far as New York. The president's determination to leave the city was only reached yesterday morning, and his departure so suddenly leaves a number of important appointments agreed upon unsigned, and many senators and congressmen who have recently arrived in the [illegible].

The facts [illegible] that the disturbances of [illegible] arising from the uncertainties of the situation grew so alarming that Mr. Cleveland at last was compelled to acknowledge that the "unexpected" contingencies necessitating an earlier meeting of congress, which he spoke of in his celebrated interview of June, had arrived. The action of the British government in India brought matters to a crisis. Previous to that startling event Mr. Cleveland had manifested a firm determination to adhere to his plan of calling congress in September. After the suspension of silver coinage in India, the president resolutely declined to speak further about his intentions until he had been prepared to act, and each of his cabinet officers maintained a similar silence. It may be stated, however, without violation of confidence, that from the day when the announcement of the action of India was made, the president took steps to keep himself forewarned through the press dispatches of the slightest approach to panic in the money market, and was prepared at any moment to take the course which he has now adopted if it seemed to him that his so doing would in any way tend to allay alarm and restore public confidence. When to-day he found telegrams on his table, not only from the eastern and middle states, but also from the south, and even from some of the silver states of the northwest, urging that congress be called together at the earliest day possible to end the uncertainty, he determined to delay no longer; but even in taking this action the president took steps, as far as he could, to prevent its being taken before the stock exchange closed, so as to avoid any appearance of exercising undue influence on the stock market. The effect of the announcement upon senators and representatives in the city was very marked. Senator Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, first knew of the president's action when informed by a United Press representative.

He was not surprised. "That being the case," said the senator, "it will not be long until we are again at work. Inasmuch as congress has to deal with this subject of finance, it is well that we get about it, and the sooner the better. I don't know that congress can or will bring relief to the country, but it is our duty to make the effort and there is no wisdom in delay. The condition of the country certainly, to my mind, demands very prompt and decisive action, especially in view of the fact that everybody seems to be depending upon congress for a solution of our financial trouble. I think the president has acted wisely, and I have no doubt that as soon as congress gets to work it will repeal the Sherman act. I voted against the bill when it came up on a nay and yea vote when it passed, and told the silver men who supported it that it was not the legislation they needed for silver, and that they would live to regret the day they supported it. That day has come, and I for one shall vote for its repeal. It must be understood, however, that I do not abate a single jot or tittle of my adherence to the coinage and the use of silver as money and proper regulations for its parity with gold."

Senator Harris, president pro tem. of the senate, could not be seen personally, but from one to whom he had spoken regarding the call of an extra session, it is learned that he expressed the belief that the sooner it was done the sooner would be the relief to the whole country.

"I voted against the Sherman act before and will vote for its repeal now," said Mr. Brown, of Indiana. "The Sherman act, it is claimed, was passed to prevent the enactment of a free-coinage bill. It would be nearer the truth to say that it was passed to keep Mr. Harrison from vetoing a free-coinage bill and appearing before the country as an opponent of silver."

Cabinet officers who are in the city, when asked last night for an expression of opinion regarding the president's proclamation, were uncommunicative.

Secretary Carlisle would not be seen.

Attorney-General Olney said he did not think he was the right man to come to for an expression of views on the matter, and declined to talk.

Secretary Herbert said the matter would involve a long discussion of a great many points, into which he did not care to enter.

Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, was at his residence in earnest conversation with Representative Dockery. He anticipated the object of the reporter's call, and said he had no interview to give; that he had heard of the issuance of the proclamation only a short time before, but he had not read it nor would he do so before to-day. The president, Mr. Cockrell said, had a right to issue a proclamation, as a matter of course, but for himself he had nothing whatever to say.

Representative Enloe, of Tennessee, said it was perfectly proper for the president to convene congress in extraordinary session under the circumstances. "It may restore public confidence," Mr. Enloe said, "still it is a question in my mind whether or not congress can furnish any relief." Mr. Enloe believed it hardly probable that the Sherman law would be repealed without a substitute.

Senator Ransom, of North Carolina, thought the action of the president good and wise, but would advance no opinion as to the matter in conversation.

Representative Harlow, of Virginia, said that he favored the repeal of the Sherman law, but not unconditionally. He does not think the United States can abandon the use of white metal entirely. As to the advisability of the early call of congress he would not speak, nor would he advance an opinion as to what action that body would take.

Ex-President Harrison's Views.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Ex-President Harrison last night, when asked his opinion of President Cleveland's call for an August session of congress, said that, presuming that the latest dispatches contained correct information, it was about the only thing Mr. Cleveland could consistently do. "If he thinks," said the ex-president, "that the country is in a state of strangulation and that he has a remedy, why the sooner he applies it the wiser he will show himself. If he thinks that he can give the necessary relief he had better lose no time. The cry is that there is not enough money. I think that there is plenty of money, but that people are holding on to what they have got and hoarding it. I am not prepared to say whether I think an August session of congress will restore confidence, which is said to be demoralized. There may be serious obstructions. I cannot tell what may be the extent of Mr. Cleveland's knowledge on the subject, but I know that they would not have repealed the Sherman law for me.

"I think that perhaps altogether too much of the much-complained-of stringency has been loaded upon the Sherman law. There are a great many other causes which have contributed to the prevailing state of affairs. The load is altogether too great. In the first place the law was passed by a majority of the senators and representatives, of whom many were outspoken advocates of the free coinage of silver, and many thought its effect would be to place it at $1.20 an ounce. The democrats were entirely responsible for that, and I am sure that whatever Mr. Cleveland may be able to do with congress they would not have repealed the law for me.

"There is the entire south, with the exception of three states, or about three, solid for silver. I cannot say how much control Mr. Cleveland has over congress. Congress may refuse to repeal the Sherman law. But in any event there will be an obstructive minority, and congress may add some objectionable features in its place. Of course that would not be my fault nor yours, nor Mr. Cleveland's. If Mr. Cleveland thinks he has the remedy, and that he is able to apply it, why did not he do so before? Why did not he call an extra session of congress last April?"

In New York.

NEW YORK, July 1.—President Cleveland, accompanied by Secretary of War Lamont, Mrs. Lamont and Miss Lamont arrived here at 10:30 o'clock last night over the Pennsylvania road.

"I have nothing to say at all, now," said the president to a reporter. "I have issued a proclamation calling congress together on August 7. In that I have given my reasons for doing so and that is all there is to it."

Col. Lamont got out of the coach and talked with the reporter. He said: "The president is going directly on board of Mr. Benedict's yacht, which is waiting in East river at the foot of Twenty-seventh street. Mr. Benedict is on board, and they will cruise slowly along the sound, reaching Buzzard's Bay on Sunday evening or Monday morning. He will remain there about three weeks. Dr. Bryant will accompany him. I expect to remain in New York until Monday, perhaps later."

"Col. Lamont said that he knew nothing of any midnight conference on the Oneida between the president and New York bankers. It is said such a conference was to be held, but Col. Lamont denied it. He said that so far as he knew Secretary Carlisle was not coming to New York.

MACON COUNTY TEACHERS.

Supt. Donahey and His Corps of Instructors.

Supt. J. N. Donahey, of the Macon county schools, has assigned teachers for the coming year as follows:

Argenta—J. G. Keller, Worthy Divan.
Wildcat—Bert Hopkins.
Progress—Arthur Wilkinson.
Chariton—Alta Stewart.
Fair Play—Charles J. Fosler.
Zion—C. A. Linsley.
Fairview—Alice Dillon.
Boody—John F. Wicks, Alice Bowman.
Nevada—Hallie Johnson.
Madison—Charles Stark.
Blue Mound—J. D. Logan, Mary E. McCollom, Clara Bothel and Annie Spooner.
Bean—Myrtle Crow.
Old Blue Mound—Minerva Harritt.
Pleasant View—B. C. Diehl.
Turner—Joseph Flynn.
Washington—L. S. Scott.
Maroa—C. V. McReynolds, Lura Smith, Agnes Compton, Mollie Walton, Fracia Hill and Clara V. Jones.
Hickory Point—Kate L. Edmonds.
Mound—Mamie Mayall.
Central (Hess)—Leona Bowman.
Sobrear—Eliza Ebley.
Burkey—Thomas Harrod.
Acom—Sam Gasaway.
Prairie Vail—Jay Morrison.
Hale—Jessie Matory.
White Hall—Frank Harbert.
Milam Center—Florence Ekiss.
Hadley—Lou Newman.
Harmony—Lulu Taggart.
Vowell—Cora Ekiss.
Center—Corrie Mallory.
Kendal—Minnie Florey.
Sunny Side—L. P. Hughey.
Long Creek—J. H. Metcalf.
Pleasant Hill—Anna Foster.
Brush College—Lizzie Pettyjohn.
Cross Roads—William Lundy.
Forsest Grove—Daniel File.
Elm Grove—Ollie Reed.
Walnut Grove—Charles Walters.
Hill—Flora Bowman.
Oak Grove—J. S. Campbell.
Stringtown—Homer Blankenship.
Eldorado—Cora Divan.
Ocean Wave—William Funk.
Pleasant Valley—Mabel Thrift.
Belle Prairie—W. R. Benton.
Parker—Ruth Shoemaker.
Elwin—W. J. Scott.
Shady Grove—R. I. King.
Forsyth—Inez Dingman.
Model—M. C. Clancey.
Independence—Henry Claskill.
Harristown—H. H. Slater.
Fond—William Austin.
Westfield—M. C. Luthecum.
Union—J. F. Constlaer.
Batchelder—M. W. McHenry.
Excelsior—George Rubie.
Gregory—Edna Johnson.
Niantic—H. A. Kitch, Ellen Chamberlain, Bernice Hughes, Lizzie Smith, Ella Sturgis.
Maddlesworth—Ada Combs.
Majors—Clara Heusman.
Malone—Mattie Brown.
Prairie Center—F. S. Hursley
Davis—Jennie Crawford.
Pleasant Grove—Nona Scott.
Willow Branch—Lula Zollars.
Harmony—W. H. Stonebraker.
Snod—D. L. Parkhurst.
Upper Ridge—Emma Zoe Bowlby.
Prairie Chapel—Lillie Givler.
Mt. Zion—Mollie Williams, Sue Gregory.
Grand Prairie—Flora Living-ton.
Sulphur Springs—J. S. Hughes.
Niantic—M. E. Lockhart, Allie Porter, Jennie Batchelder, Ada Cross.
Maple Grove—J. W. Howsmon.
Stringtown—A. P. Lemon.
Magee—Anna Shoemaker
Kirby—Charles Borchers.
Boody—W. J. Kelley.
Sangamon—E. B. Smith.
Oakley—M. C. Griffin.
Oreana—E. W. Slater.
Central—C. P. Yates.
Union Hall—Mamie Kendall.
Waite—R. F. Davidson.
Warrensburg—Charles Hastings.
Schroll—J. E. Underwood.
Brick—W. W. Kyle.
Disbrow—Nannie Ryan.
Pleasant Grove—G. W. Hyland,
Corner—Luttie A. Melvin.

New Civil Service Change.

A new ruling has been made regarding the examination of applicants for the postal service of the United States. Formerly the applicants were divided into four grades with an examination for each grade. Under the new ruling there will be but two grades, clerk and carrier, and but one examination for the two grades. Another provision is made in regard to the age of applicants. The minimum heretofore has been 16 years, but it was found that applicants of this age were not competent, as a rule, even though they passed the examination. The age is now made 18 years up, with no maximum for clerks and 21 to 40 years for carriers.

LITTLE vegetable health producers: DeWitt's Little Early Risers cure malarious disorders and regulate the stomach and bowels, which prevents headache and dizziness. W. F. Neisler.

COPPER, GOLD AND SILVER.

The Volcanic Copper, Mining and Smelting Company, Phoenix, A. T.—We Will Let You Say If They Havn't Struck it Rich.

The several assays of the six different ores of these Volcanic mines ran from $200 to $1,250 per ton of ore in value of gold, silver and copper. A dozen or more old experienced miners who have been on the ground and examined these mines pronounced the ore very rich, high up ore as they term it. One of these old time miners calling at the Volcanic mines a few days since, and after picking up a piece of ore exclaimed "Well I'll be darn, I picked up that rock about 12 years ago and I thought it was no good, but I find out too late that it is high up ore."

The smelter company at Tucson, A. T., after smelting some of these ores and essaying the product, wrote to the president and manager, and also to the vice-president of the Valcanic Mine company, that the low grade ore will run $51 per ton and the high grade ore $209.91 per ton, which would net the stockholders of the Volcanic over $700,000 a year on the low grade ore, and over $3,000,000 net a year on the high grade ore.

The manager of the smelter company goes on to say that if the quantity of the ore holds out, (the supply is inexhaustible), by smelting 40 to 100 tons of ore a day at their smelter, it would make enough money in a month or two to enable the Volcanic Mine company to at once put up its own reduction works and put the property in a dividend paying condition without further capital. The president of the Volcanic Mines has just closed a contract with the smelter company for a run of three months on these ores, commencing early in July, when fifty 6 and 8-horse teams will be hauling ores to the smelter. A letter received yesterday from the Volcanic mines says: "Miners now taking out ore worth $1,000 a ton."

What do you say, don't it look as though they have struck it rich? Vice-President Barber, and Lower and Hunter and other stockholders of the Volcanic Mines, who have recently bought shares, will go to Arizona to visit the mines as soon as the weather is cooler.

Anyone and everyone interested can see samples of these ores, letters, etc., corroborative of the foregoing by calling at Hunter Bros.' real estate office, 122 Merchant street, from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.

READJUSTING PAY OF POSTMASTERS

The Annual Work of Revision Completed and Given Out.

First Assistant Postmaster-General Frank H. Jones has completed the annual readjustment of salaries of presidential postmasters. The salaries reviewed for readjustment were 3,376, of which thirty-nine were relegated from the presidential class to the fourth class. The salaries of ninety-three offices were increased and ten were decreased. The others were not changed. One office, that at South Chicago, has recently been discontinued and made a station of the Chicago office. The reductions were $100 at each of ten offices. Following are some of the changes:

Atlanta........................	1,1[illegible] to $1,200
Champaign........................	2,[illegible] to 2,500
Clinton........................	1,6[illegible] to 1,700
Danville........................	2,[illegible] to 2,[illegible]
Decatur........................	2,[illegible] to 2,[illegible]
Elgin........................	[illegible]
Galva........................	1,[illegible] to 1,700
Gibson City........................	1,[illegible] to 1,[illegible]
Kankakee........................	[illegible]
LaSalle........................	2,[illegible]
Lemont........................	1,[illegible] to 1,500
Leroy........................	1,1[illegible] to 1,200
Pontiac........................	1,[illegible] to 1,900

Steel Mill Closed.

JOLIET, Ill., June 30.—Superintendent Pettigrew notified the 300 men at work in the Joliet branch of the Illinois Steel company that their services would cease with to-night and that the gates would be locked. Only nine men out of a limited office force will be kept. A year ago to-day 2,700 men were at work, but the first of this year the mills were closed to admit of repairs and placing of new machinery in operation. This kept about 300 men at work and over $250,000 has been invested, with the expectation that when all was completed the plant would be started. The company has about $6,000,000 invested here but cannot operate because of the low price for iron and steel. In 1890 the Joliet Rolling-Mill company, before it was consolidated with the Illinois Steel company, formulated a premium system to give its employes their percentage of earnings and up to date have paid them $55,000. Joliet feels the depression in trade to a great extent.

It is rumored also that the Lambert & Bishop barb-wire mill, a branch of the Consolidated Wire and Steel company, shuts down to-night, leaving 900 men out of work. When all the stone quarries had begun work and an amical settlement was sure, the employes again threaten to strike for $1.75 a day.

To the Farmers of Macon and Adjoining Counties:

When you want anything in the way of a first-class Implement for the least money, call at the Decatur Implement Co., corner East William and Franklin streets. Feb 16-wtf

IF you can afford to be annoyed by sick headache and constipation, don't use DeWitt's Little Early Risers for these little pills will cure them. W. F. Neisler

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PATRIOTS ABROAD.

Old Glory and the New Liberty Bell

INSPIRE THOUSANDS WITH LOYALTY.

A Big Day at the World's Columbian Exposition—Oceans of Bunting and Seas of Upturned Faces—The New Liberty Bell.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, July 5. The World's fair was ablaze with patriotism yesterday. It was the center from which the patriotic pulse of the liberty-loving people, enjoying the manifold blessings of a land of the free and a home of the brave, beat throughout the nation. There were many in the White city whose minds went back to that glorious Fourth of July of the centennial year in the Quaker city, when, commencing with the tolling of the midnight hour, the patriotic impulses of a populace ran riot; when for more than half a day men and women, young and old, native and alien marched, almost without a break, up Chestnut street and saluted with bared heads and ringing shouts the old landmark of Liberty in Independence square, when Sherman and Sheridan and Dom Pedro, all now numbered with the dead that have gone, stood arm in arm before the old Liberty Bell and bowed their heads in reverence and honor.

Seventeen years have elapsed since those stirring scenes were enacted, and yesterday in the metropolis of the west the second World's exposition of the republic gave occasion for a still greater demonstration of love of flag and country, one which in its magnitude and impressiveness kept pace with the growth of the country in the intervening years and with the magnitude of the Columbian exposition as compared with those that have gone before it.

Chicago's 2,000,000 of permanent population kept holiday and 500,000 strangers from outside points, far and near, helped it to celebrate. All over the city, in the suburban residence districts as well as in the commercial center, the usual stillness of night was broken by the cracking and booming of fireworks and the shouts of merry-makers who were making a night of it so that the World's fair Fourth might be appropriately ushered in with the true American spirit.

Day broke to the accompaniment of a hundred guns from the gunboats in the lake, and the reverberations of the cannon awoke the sleepers and gave them notice that it was time to be up and moving. The procession southward to Jackson park began as early as 6 o'clock, when the Illinois Central started the first of its two-minute trains, each car filled to the doors, and from that hour on the steam, cable and elevated roads, as well as the big steamboats plying the lake, found their facilities taxed as never before.

"Old Glory" was to be seen everywhere, hundreds of thousands of them, some of the avenues leading to Jackson park being literally lined with tricolored bunting and the Stars and Stripes as though in honor of the coming of some conquering hero. Nearly everybody out of doors, too, wore either a button of the Stars and Stripes a miniature flag or a bit of tricolored ribbon.

When the numerous gates of the big inclosure were opened at 7 o'clock the ticket men at each found a crowd awaiting them, and thenceforward there was a ceaseless click, click, as the turnstiles revolved and the mass of humanity pressed inward.

The grounds themselves had taken on some of the glory of Solomon.

Thousands of people who originally intended to enter the fair grounds by the Stoney Island avenue gates were so entranced by the unparalleled sight which met their eyes on reaching the plaisance entrance by the cable trains that they at once joined in the patriotic pleasure-seeking procession which for hours filled the broad plaisance from side to side. Across the plaisance from Cottage Grove avenue to Stoney Island avenue viaduct, which forms the east entrance into the grounds, were strung at intervals of a few yards the prettiest arrangement of banners and Chinese lanterns that the eye of man ever beheld. On each side of the plaisance throughout its whole length were also dancing, fluttering lines of the same heterogeneous colored mass connecting with the cross lines. Midway plaisance is at all times gorgeous in decoration and constant variation of scene, but the display made by all nations in honor of Uncle Sam's birthday anniversary changed the whole aspect of the cosmopolitan thoroughfare. The moving mass of humanity seemed to be passing under one huge, continuous canopy of ever-changing bright colors. In the White city itself the extra decorations in honor of the day were to be seen at every turn, on every flag-staff and pavillion, foreign and state building, and every place where a flag or banner could be fixed to harmonize with the artistic surroundings. The landscape was aglow with the glorious flag of freedom, and every human being, no matter if his birthplace was in the Orient, the Arctic region or the torrid zone, seemed to enter into the spirit of the American day, with a hearty desire to make it memorable in the history of the republic.

The exercises of the day had a prelude in a procession of the leading participants. It left the City hall at 8 o'clock, with a company of the second regiment, headed by its band, to blaize its way over the boulevards. Heading the line was a carriage occupied by Mrs. Perry Stafford, of Martha's Vineyard, and two lady friends, who at intervals waved a priceless relic in the form of the original flag under which Paul Jones sailed with the authority of congress. Behind came carriages containing Mayor Harrison and the city officials, the members of the board of aldermen and the members of the Liberty bell committee, headed by W. O. McDowell, of New Jersey. The procession moved slowly, for the boulevard, from curb to curb was packed with vehicles of all descriptions carrying their owners and guests towards the park, and it was nearly 11 o'clock when it reached the Fifty-seventh street entrance. Here a remarkable reception awaited. Inside the gate lining the roadway six deep in military order, 20,000 exposition exhibitors of all nations were drawn up. Every man crrried an American flag; and each division according to its building or department was headed by the department chief and a band. As the procession passed through the ranks the exhibitors uncovered and waved the flags, while the bands broke forth in unison with the Star Spangled Banner.

When the mayor's carriage had reached the head of the column the word of command was given, the exhibitors faced ranks southward, and the combined processions moved through the grounds, bringing up in the immense plaza between the Administration building and the terminal station. A portion of this had been filled in with chairs and benches and extemporized seats, while in the rear enough standing room had been left for 100,000 people who were willing to join in singing the patriotic music even if they could not get within a quarter mile of earshot of the speeches.

In front of the Terminal building facing west a spacious grand stand had been erected, and long before the arrival of the procession an ocean of faces were turned towards it, each wearing a look of good-natured expectancy. In the rear of the stand and the great floor of the terminal station the broad stairways and the balconies were packed with special guests. During the wait the concourse was entertained with national airs that stirred its blood and kept it in enthusiastic mood. Three band were grouped on the floor—the Second regiment, Pullman and Chicago band. Silas G. Pratt was conductor for all. He stood on the stairway a few feet above the heads of the musicians with a programme of the music in one hand and a book in the other, using both as batons to bring out the volume of patriotic melody to its fullest extent and in the most harmonious unison. They played "The Doxology," "Red, White and Blue," "Star Spangled Banner" and "America," while the multitude applauded after each selection.

When the hour of 11 o'clock arrived a dense throng of thousands filled the inclosure between the Administration building and terminal station, and the arrival of each person of prominence was greeted by cheers. Shortly after 11 o'clock Mayor Harrison and the city officials and common council of Chicago entered the grounds in carriages led by the Second regiment of the Illinois national guard. Inside the gate a large crowd of exhibitors and visitors were drawn up in double columns under the command of Maj. Pangborn as chief marshal. After a somewhat popular greeting Mayor Harrison and his party proceeded directly to the stair near the terminal station, and were seated with the national commissioners, directors and chiefs of departments.

Director General George R. Davis opened the ceremonies in a few words appropriate to the day.

A Gavel form the Washington Elm.

When Director-General Davis had taken his seat on the platform, Col. C. H. Clarke, of Milwaukee, stepped forward and presented him a gavel made from a piece of the famous Washington elm at Cambridge, Mass. In presenting the gavel, Col. Clarke said.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL DAVIS: One hundred and eighteen years ago yesterday Washington arrived at Cambridge Mass., drew his sword and took command of the Continental army under the tree known as the Washington elm. I take pleasure in presenting you with a gavel for this morning's services, made from the wood of that now famous tree.

Great applause greeted Vice-President Stevenson as he stepped forward to deliver the opening address.

A chorus of 2,000 voices then sang "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean."

Mayor Carter Harrison.

Hon. Carter H. Harrison was the next speaker. He was given a greeting by the multitude that was quite as hearty and enthusiastic as that accorded Vice-President Stevenson. And the crowd listened attentively to all he had to say. He welcomed the tens of thousands of visitors from every state in the union and every country on the face of the earth and told of the untiring energy Chicago had displayed in building the great exposition. He dwelt at length on the celebration of the Fourth of July, and spoke of the reason for observing it.

Mayor Harrison was frequently interrupted by applause during his speech and at the close the shouts and cheers of the vast multitude were such that it fairly made the ground tremble.

Then there was a salute of the flags and "Old Glorly" was given one of the grandest greetings it has ever received. The great chorus struck up the "Star Spangled Banner" and the enthusiastic throng quickly caught up the tune and swelled the grandeur of the soul-stirring song. The effect was sublime indeed.

The Declaration of Independence.

The "Declaration of Independence" was read by J. S. Norton, of Chicago, and during the reading the great audience maintained a respectful and attentive silence.

When he finished there was a pause for a moment, and then tens of thousands of people, who had listened with honoring silence, let loose with all the power of their being a mighty shout. Then they prolonged it until it swept over the grand plaza like the rumbling of a thunderbolt.

"My Country, 'Tis of Thee," was sung, and again the crowd took up the song and carried it through to the end.

The exercises were concluded by the singing of the "Doxology."

The Song of the Liberty Bell.

At the stroke of noon the Paul Jones flag was hoisted and the electric button which set ringing the new Liberty Bell, now in the foundry at Troy, N. Y., was pressed by Mrs. Madge Morris Wagner and Miss Minnie F. Mickley, of San Diego, Cal.

Then stepping before the bell, Miss Morris, of San Diego, Cal., recited the song of "The Liberty Bell," composed by her mother, as follows:

When spurred by the lash of oppression,
The nation arose in its might
To claim as its due and possession,
Its manhood, its freedom its right,

Men's souls found the ordeal most trying,
The air with excitement was filled,
With great aspirations undying
The waking young nation was filled.

As stronger and stronger the feeling
Arose over mountain and dell,
The zenith was reached in the pealing
Aloft of the Liberty Bell.

It witnessed the rise of the nation,
Its tongue first did publish its birth;
It rang out the grand proclamation
Of liberty new to the earth

Its peal to the battle went rolling,
It rang in the ears of the brave
In glorias for victory tolling
In requiems over each grave

And though it be still and riven,
Its echoes shall swell on for aye,
'Til the whole world has been given
The freedom it published that day.

Ye children, bring garlands to crown it;
Ye soldiers, with bare blades salute,
Ye citizens, come, proudly own it,
Most eloquent when 'tis mute

Ye visitors, see the affection
The emblem of liberty claims;
And carry away to each sect on
Its lesson of faith and high aims;

While we and our children forever,
Just like our forefathers shall stand,
And nothing our love can sever
From liberty and our fair land.

CHORUS.

Then sing we songs of rejoicing,
That over the welkin shall swell,
The pæan of progress full voicing,
The song of the Liberty Bell

Miss Mickley's Poem.

After the conclusion of Miss Morris' poem, the following poem was read by Miss Mickley:

It will ring in the mystical future, this bell we shall consecrate,
And its tones will hold all of the noble, the royal and tender and great
That dwell in the past and present, and all of its music shall be
The echo of greatness and glory, the pæan and hymn of the free.

It shall ring in its music of silver, the passions that gave to the swords
Of our fathers the infinite power to strike down their tyrants and lords;
It shall toll of the cradle of freedom, and then it shall herald and sing
The splendors of love that the manhood of Liberty surely shall bring.

For think not that tyrants and masters are dead, or that fetters and chain
No longer hold freemen in bondage, or prison the helpless in pain;
Think not that the rack and the dungeon are gone with the powers of kings,
Or that Freedom's sweet luster has fallen o'er all the old blackness of things.

Nay, still the dread image of power with upas shade darkens the world—
And Tyranny's victims in dungeons more foul than old Bastiles are hurled.
The proud and the brave and the gifted, the noble of heart and of will,
Are enslaved and enchained in the bondage of hideous manacles still.

The throne and the scepter are perished and the plowshare is wrought of the sword;
The noble has yielded his title, we know not the king and the lord;
But lo, o'er the world the old sorrow—lo, still how the multitude bleed
'Neath the crush and the shame of the warfare and horror of hatred and greed

For freedom is love and love only can break off our fetters and chains
The love that will take up all sorrows and share in all tears and all pains
That will bring us the oneness of feeling to make the poor high as the rich,
And bring down the rich in compassion to lift up the poor in the ditch.

Yes, the bell that we build must bring tidings of the things that the future will show,
As well as to breathe us the memories of glories that died long ago
It must give us new heart for new warfare, as well as new love for the old
If its glory will copy the glories the first bell of Liberty told

Ah, yes, it must deal with the living as the brave who are dead;
It must tear the old war sword and, warning it bore when men battled and bled.
The new bell must ring like the old one, the passionate music above
A waste of wild warfare and hatred, the peace and the freedom of love.

The freedom that makes of men brothers, the freedom that throws in the dust
All the base and the selfish ambitions that flourish from greed and from lust.
Be this then its message and tidings. A love for the brave of the past,
And the hopes for a future when freedom will reach to the lowest at last

While these exercises were being held the "oldest inhabitants" were entertaining the "veteran firemen" at Willard's hall, after which they sat down to dinner at Willard's hotel, followed by patriotic speeches in response to toasts.

The Bell Rang on Time.

The following telegram was received by Director-General Davis from Troy, N. Y., and was read to the assembled thousands by Alderman Madden:

The Columbian liberty bell was sounded at the instant you closed the circuit at noon of this grand Independence day and this ringing was followed by the playing of national and patriotic airs on the grand chime made by us for St. Patrick's cathedral at New York city. Thousands upon thousands of patriotic citizens have called to see this historic bell, many coming long distances. The glorious day, bright and clear, seems to have been granted as a special favor to Liberty.

You can announce to the 25,000 freinds who have made such splendid offerings to this bell that their gifts have crystalized into grand form, and that the new liberty bell has been set ringing to aid peace and good will throughout the whole world.

CLINTON H. MENEELY.

First Meeting of Liberty's Bell and the Origina: Flag.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, July 5.—America's first flag and the silent old Liberty Bell met in Pennsylvania's building for the first time yesterday. At the suggestion of National Commissioner Woodside, of Pennsylvania, a procession was formed and the crowd marched from the Delaware building to the Keystone structure were the flag was tenderly laid over the bell. Speeches were made and the poem "The Liberty Bell" was recited.

A Heavy Decrease in Specie.

BERLIN, July 4.—The statement of the Imperial bank of Germany shows a decrease in specie of 16,900,000 marks.

MINERS ENTOMBED.

Dreadful Accident in Thornhill, Yorkshire, England.

NUMBERING MORE THAN 100 VICTIMS.

Those Not Killed by the Explosion Suffocated by the Choke Damp—The Bodies Found in Heaps—The Work of Rescue.

One Hundred and Thirty Miners Entombed.

LONDON, July 4.—Great excitement has been caused in Thornhill, Yorkshire, by an explosion that occurred in Ingram's colliery. One hundred and thirty miners are entombed, and it is feared that the loss of life will be heavy. Rescuing parties are hard at work, and four bodies have been recovered and brought to the surface.

The pit is badly blocked with fallen rock, dirt and timbers, and the progress of the rescuing parties is therefore slow. It is feared the men who escaped death in the explosion of the damp will be suffocated by the choke damp unless speedily rescued.

The scenes at pit-mouths in the case of mining accidents are being repeated in Thornhill, and considerable trouble is experienced in keeping those having relatives or friends in the mines from interfering with the work of the rescuers.

One Hundred and Ten Supposed to be Dead.

LONDON, July 4.—About the middle of the evening the gas had cleared sufficiently to allow the work of rescue to proceed, but only for a short time. About 110 are supposed to have been killed. The men and boys missing number 140. The bodies were found lying in heaps and many were brought to the surface. Unremitting efforts are being made to reach the few miners who may still be alive.

AFTER GROVER.

The People's Party of Ohio, in Convention, Call for the Impeachment of President Cleveland.

COLUMBUS, O., July 5.—The people's party of Ohio met in state convention here yesterday. Hugh Cavanaugh was made permanent chairman and C. J. Creager secretary. The platform adopted reaffirms the declarations of the Omaha convention on national issues; refers to the tariff issue as a sham; denounces both of the old parties for surrendering to Wall street agents and British bankers; demand the municipal ownership of street railways, water and gas plants and all similar franchises.

The ticket nominated is as follows:

Governor—E. J. Bracken.
Lieutenant Governor—M. D. Cooley.
Treasurer—M. H. Taylor.
Attorney General—Col. H. J. Rhodes.
Judge of Supreme Court—Capt. C. T. Clarke.
Dairy and Food Commissioner—Thomas N. Hickman.
Member of Board of Public Works—Matthew Baber.

Just before adjournment a delegate created a sensation by introducing a resolution calling upon congress to impeach President Cleveland on the ground of high treason, in that he, as the representative of the British money power, is a traitor to this country. The resolution was received with wild cheers and was adopted by a unanimous vote.

Four Firemen Maimed by the Explosion of a Cannon.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., July 5.—At Fire Department headquarters about midnight Monday night a cannon burst and seriously injured four firemen. They had been celebrating and were loading the cannon preparatory to firing the last charge. Frank Kapp was holding the cannon on his legs and Charles Carroll was ramming the charge home. The cannon was hot and exploded prematurely. The ball was blown through Kapp's right leg, cutting it off nearly to the thigh so that it hung only by a shred of flesh. Carroll had both hands blown off. Henry McLaren and William Rettich, who were standing near, were struck by pieces of the cannon and severely, but not fatally injured.

Twenty-Six Passengers Killed by an Explosion.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 5.—A terrible disaster resulting in a large loss of life occurred yesterday on the steamer Alfons, a boat employed in the river trade on the Volga. The steamer with quite a number of passengers on board, was approaching Romanov, when her boilers exploded, killing twenty-six passengers. Among the dead is Gen. Petrushewski. The explosion tore the upper part of the steamer to pieces and the burning coal that was blown from the furnace set fire to the wreck which burned to the water's edge and then sunk.

Twenty Valuable Horses Burned.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 5.—Gniddon Conklin's large barn and horse hospital on the Grassland's stock farm near Dunham's basin, were burned Monday night. There were thirty-eight valuable horses, brood mares and colts in the building, and only eighteen of them were saved. Mr. Conkling is unable to estimate his loss at present. Among the lost was the 4-year-old May King colt, valued at $2,000.

A Great Railroad Bridge Burned.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 5.—The Moses Coulee bridge, on the great Northern railroad, burned Monday night. It was 924 feet long and 135 feet wide. It will take three weeks to replace the bridge, during which time passengers will be transferred.

Dr. Miquel Decorated.

BERLIN, July 5.—Emperor William has conferred upon Dr. Johannes Miquel, Prussian minister of finance, the decoration of the grand cross of the order of the Red Eagle.

TERASHIMA MUNENORI, who died a few days ago in Japan, was one of the leading statesmen of the stirring Japanese revolutionary times and an ex-minister to this country. In 1861 he visited America as interpreter of the first Japanese embassy.

DR. GARFIELD, aged 77 years, of Algona, Io., intends making a trip to the World's Fair on a bicycle. He expects to arrive in Chicago, over 400 miles distant from Algona, in less than nine days after starting.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—Mrs. Grant will spend a few weeks at Narragansett Pier, N. J., as the guest of Mrs. Jefferson Davis.

—Gov Markham of California will not appoint the late Senator Stanford's successor before the latter part of the week.

—The fight between Griffin and Solly Smith, erroneously announced for Monday night, takes place a week later at Roby, Ind.

—The viking ship arrived at Buffalo, N. Y., Monday. Capt. Anderson and his crew were given a hearty welcome and reception.

—The New York clearing house Monday up to noon authorized the issue of $2,500,000 loan certificates, making a grand total to date of $21,300,000.

—Congressman Breckinridge, of Kentucky, who is in Louisville on a visit, denies explicitly the story that he is to marry Miss Madeline Pollard.

—Senator Sherman says: "There never has been a time since the law of 1890 known as the 'Sherman act' was passed that I would not have voted for its repeal."

—The British admiralty will convene a court-martial at Malta immediately to consider the matter of responsibility for the sinking of the war ship Victoria.

—William B. Leonard a venerable merchant and public-spirited citizen of Brooklyn, died at his country residence in Owego, N. Y., Sunday. He is said to have left $1,000,000.

—Gen. A. J. Warner, president of the Bimetallic league, is preparing the call for the league to meet in special session to take action in advance of the extra session of congress.

—The captain of the Viking reports a most perilous passage through the Erie canal, and says he would rather brave the waters of the Atlantic a score of times than make the canal trip again.

—Dr. Samuel Hart, professor of Trinity college at Hartford, Conn., who was elected bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Vermont, has declined the honor. Dr. Hart feels it his duty to remain at the college.

—Ex-Speaker Crisp arrived in Washington from Atlanta, Ga., Monday, and repaired at once to the treasury department, where he had an interview with Secretary Carlisle, a whose suggestion his visit was made.

—The Columbian liberty bell was rung for the first time at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the Clinton H. McNeely bell foundry in Troy, N. Y., the ringing being conducted by electrical communication with Chicago.

—Secretary Carlisle and Mrs. Carlisle left Washington yesterday morning for Chicago. Secretary Carlisle will be absent about two weeks during which time Assistant Secretary Hamlin will act as secretary of the treasury.

—Admiral Erben, who is now at Queenstown in command of the American war ship Chicago, has accepted an invitation from the mayor of Cork to visit the agricultural show in that city and to meet Lord Houghton, viceroy of Ireland.

—The modest building erected by the Central American republic of Guatemala in the northeastern part of the World's fair grounds was dedicated Monday. The building is of Spanish design and corresponds with the architecture of the country which it represents.

—Secretary Carlisle has instructed J. J. Clark, an inspector of public buildings of the treasury department, to make a thorough inspection of the public building at Chicago, which has been examined by the local building commission and pronounced unsafe.

—Danny and Myrtle McCarthy, aged respectively 13 and 10 years, children of Dennis McCarthy, a Buffalo, N. Y. saloon-keeper, were burned to death late Sunday night in a fire which resulted from the explosion of a lamp in the living apartments over the saloon.

—The issue of standard silver dollars from the mints and treasury offices during the week ended July 1 was $101,130, and for the corresponding period last year $402,320. The shipment of fractional silver coin for the month of June was $767,105, for the month of June, 1892, $1,055,307.

THE "ill temper," which he declares to be "a chronic complaint among Britons," is ascribed by Ernest Hart to the preponderance of meat in their diet.

IT is recorded that one of Ibsen's early experiences was having to carry an unsold edition of one of his works to a grocer's to dispose of it as waste paper.

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the lightest, sweetest,
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"I find the ROYAL BAKING POWDER superior to all the others in every respect. It is purest and strongest.

"WALTER S. HAINES, M. D.
"Prof. Chemistry, Rush Medical College.
"Consulting Chemist, Chicago Board of Health," etc.

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